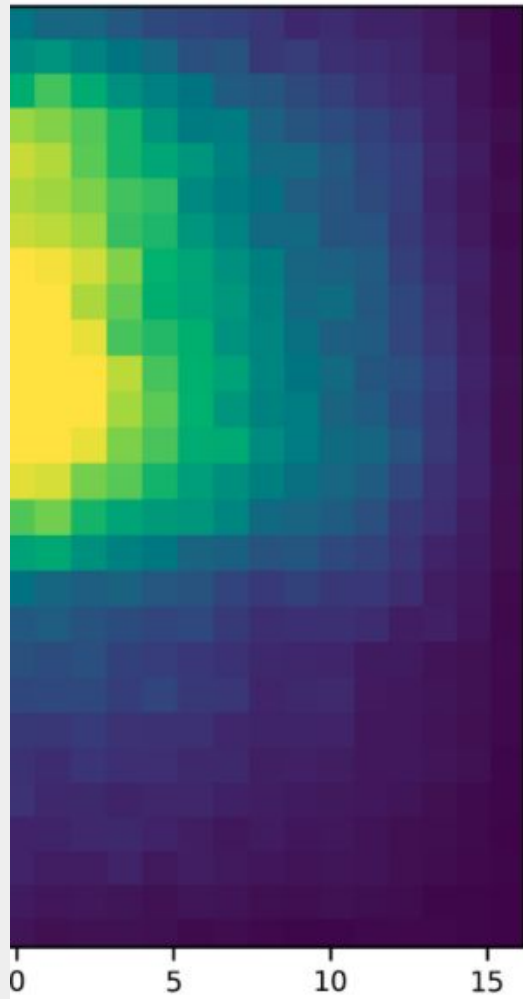


# Design, Construction, and Calibration of the MuTe 2.1 Muon Telescope

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# Outline

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Context 01

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The detector 02

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Calibration 03

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Simulation 04

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05 Data vs Simulation

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06 Final remarks

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# 01

## Cerro Machin Volcano



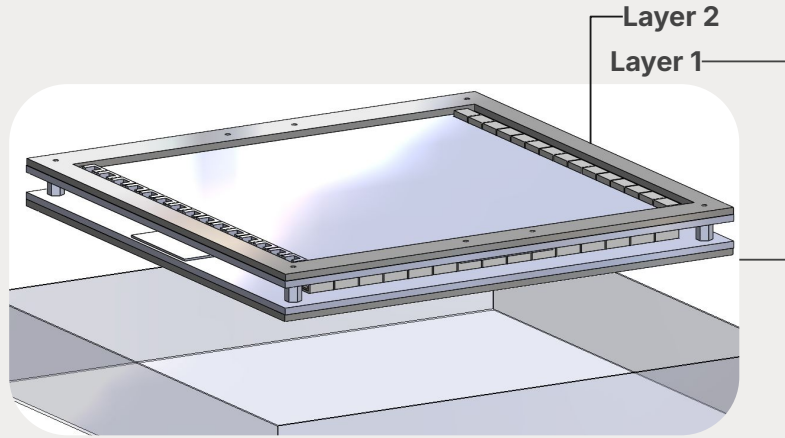


# 02

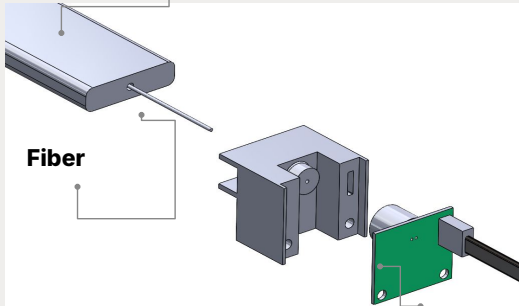
## Muon Telescope MuTe 2.1



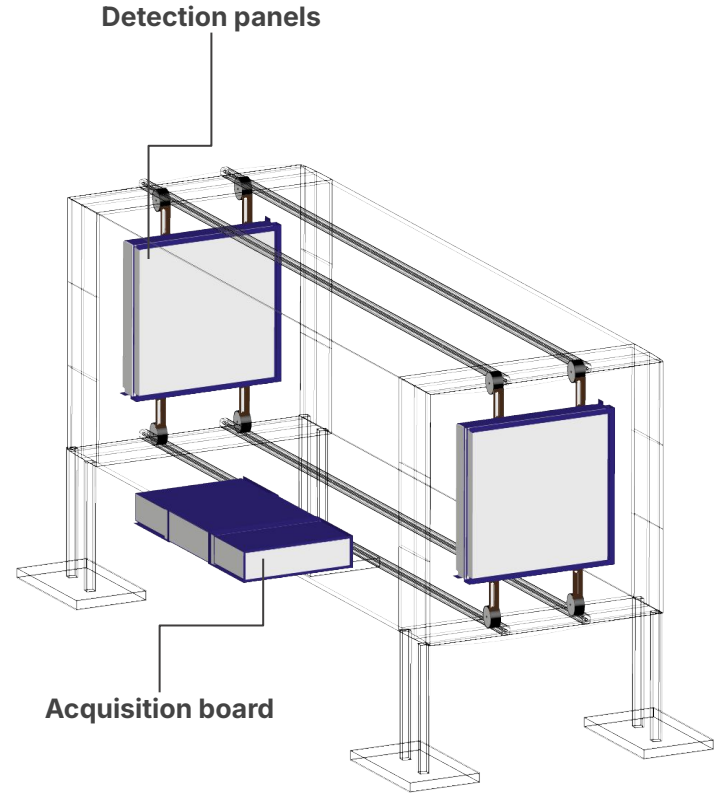
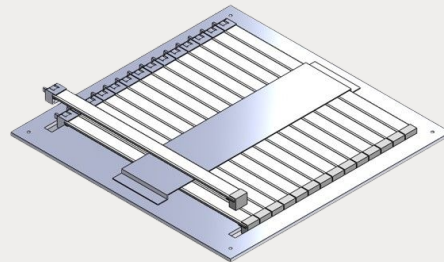
# Muon Telescope, MuTe 2.1



Scintillator bar



PCB SiPM

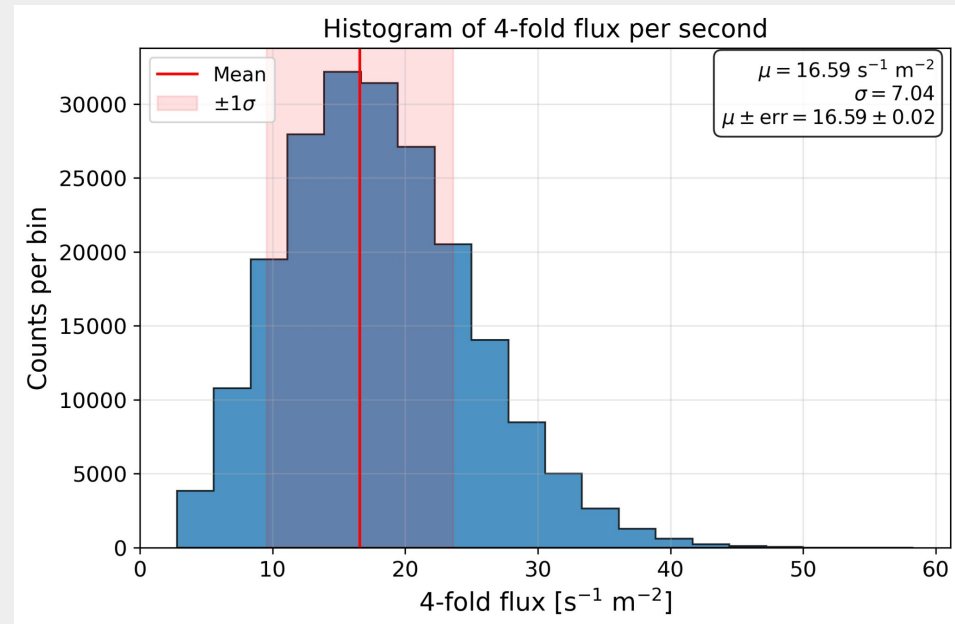
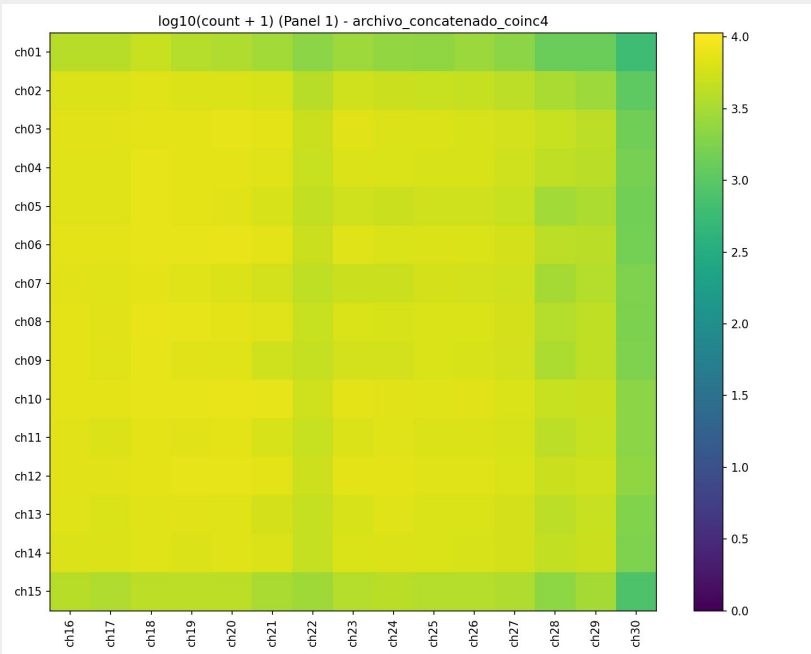
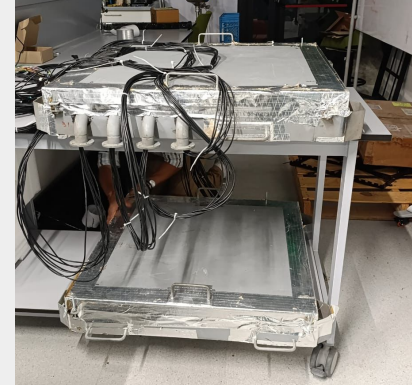


# 03

## Calibration detector in the lab

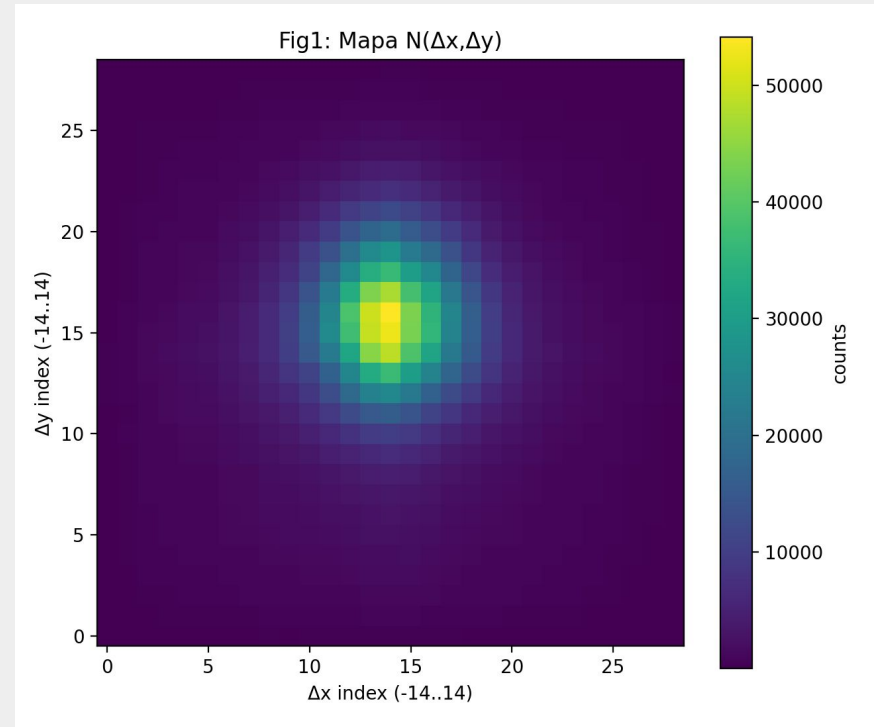
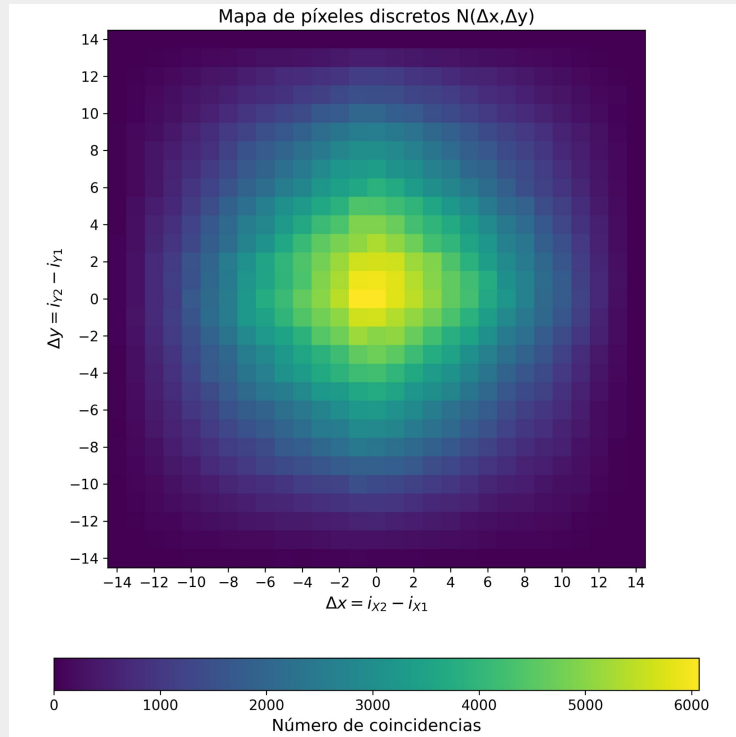
# Open-sky measurements

The two panels were oriented parallel to each other and facing upward toward the open sky, maximizing the acceptance of vertically incident cosmic ray muons.



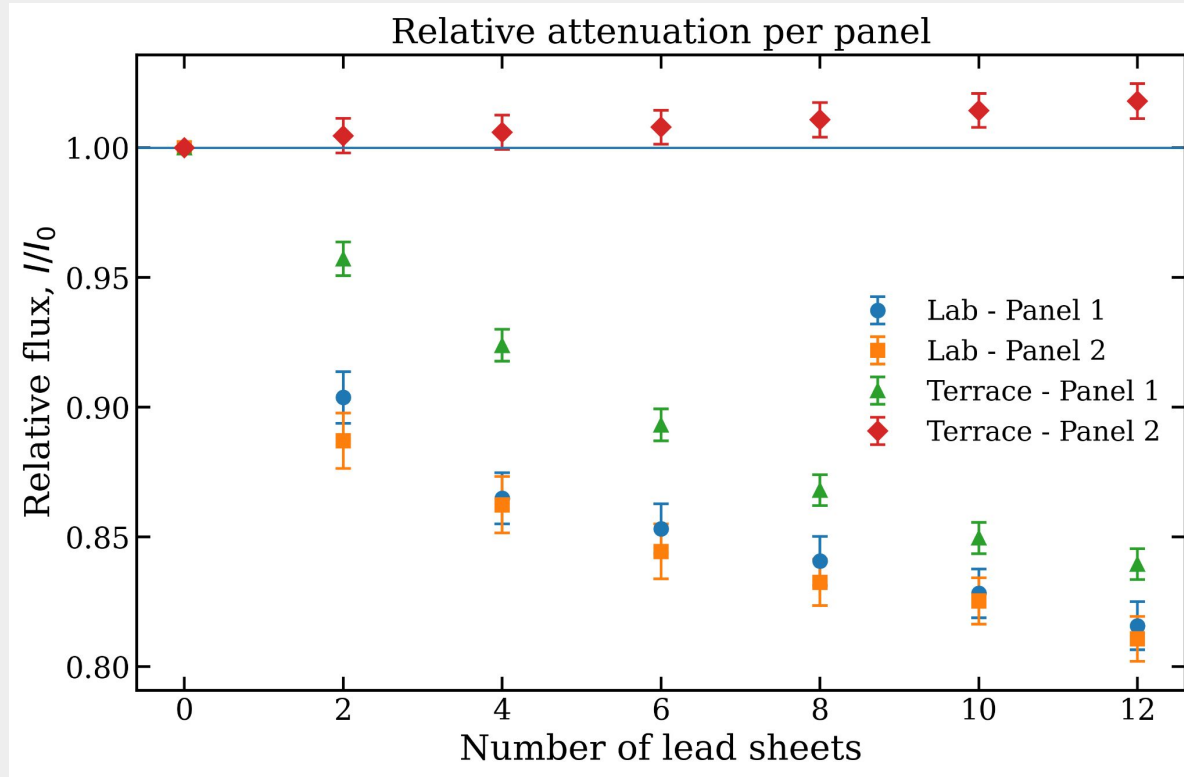
# Acceptance: data vs simulation

Comparison between observational data and simulations for the detector acceptance in this configuration. Simulations were performed using CORSIKA and Geant4.



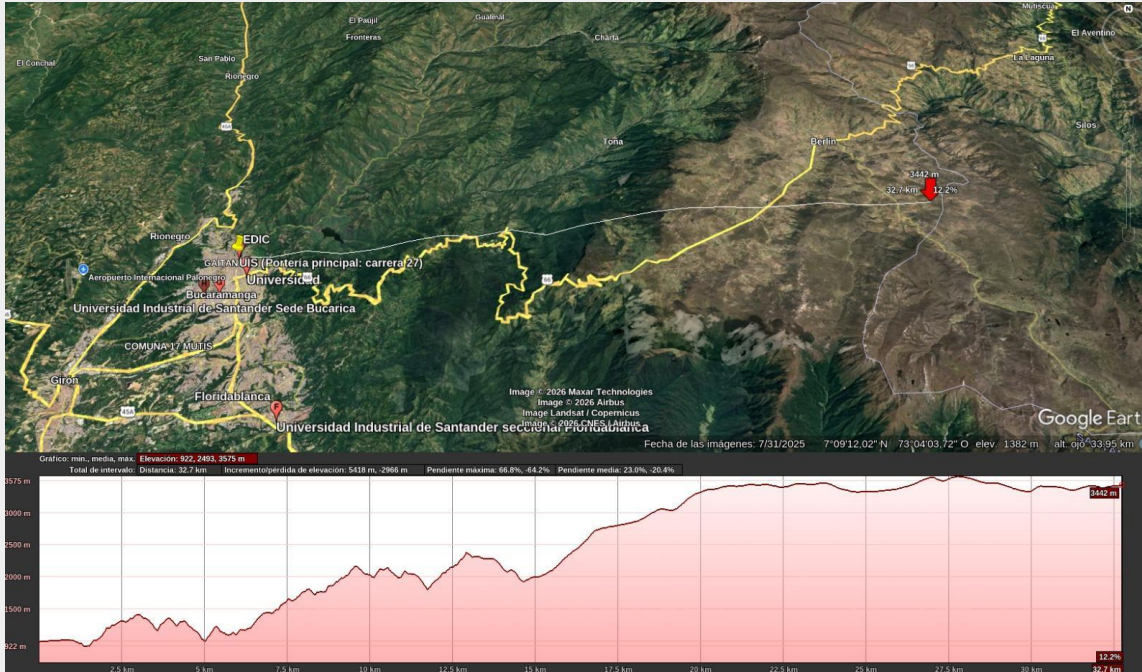
# Attenuation using lead shielding

Lead thickness was increased in 0.5,cm steps, with one-hour measurements taken at each step.



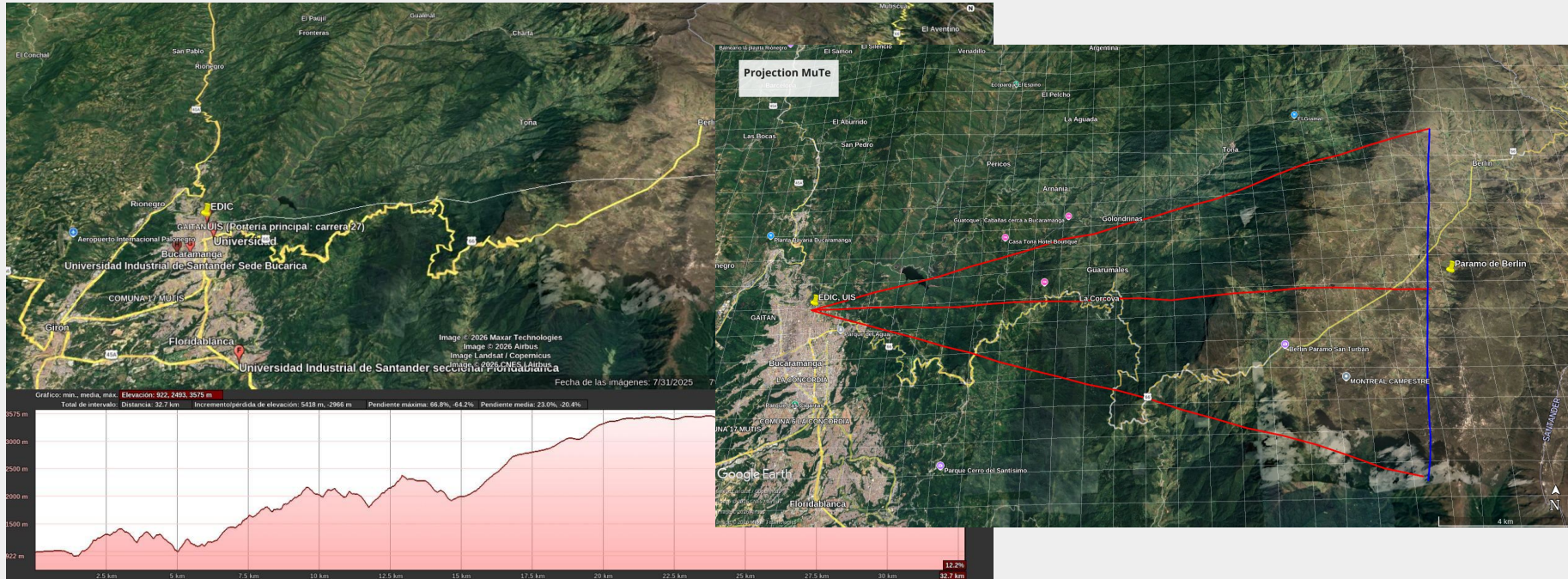
# First muogram with MuTe 2.1

A test muography was performed on the mountain range located in front of the university, allowing a first validation of the detector performance under real field conditions.



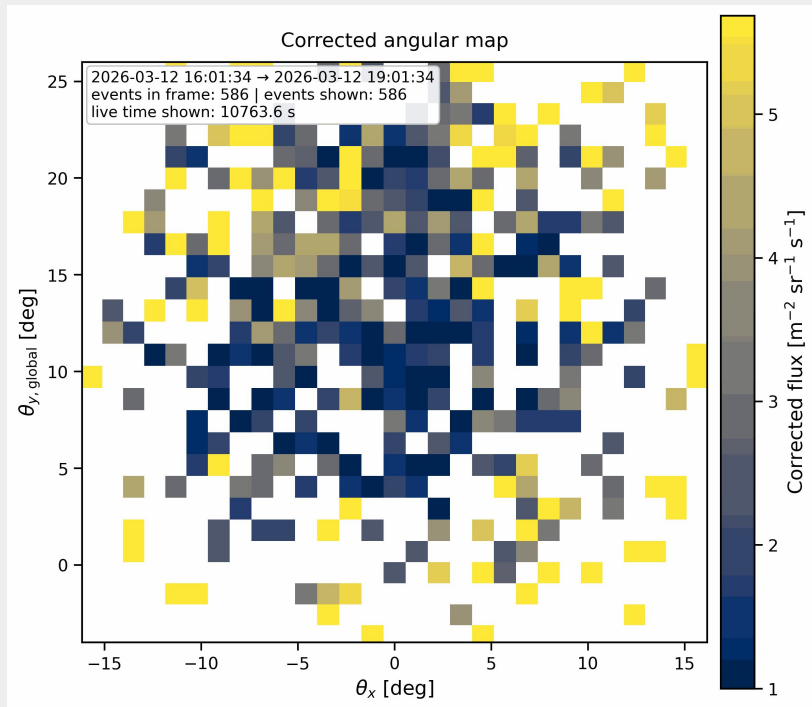
# First muogram with MuTe 2.1

A test muography was performed on the mountain range located in front of the university, allowing a first validation of the detector performance under real field conditions.



# First muogram with MuTe 2.1

Daily pixel occupancy map. The progressive filling of the detector matrix over time reflects the stability of the acquisition system and the uniformity of the detector response across all channels.

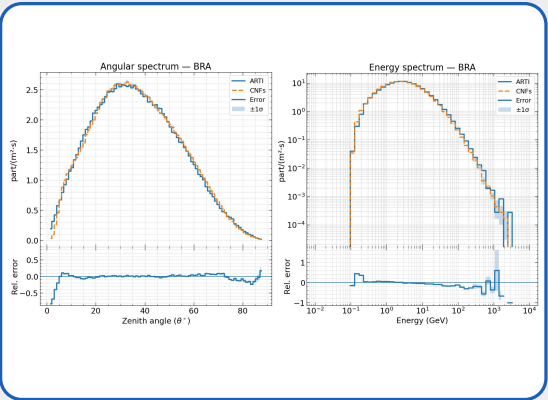


# 04

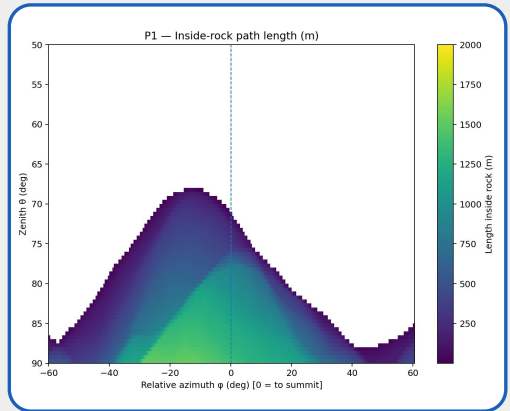
## End to end simulation with CABRIALES framework

# CABRIALES framework: muography simulation

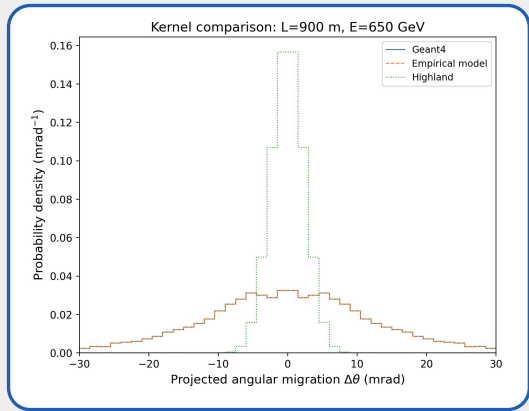
Deep learning muon flux



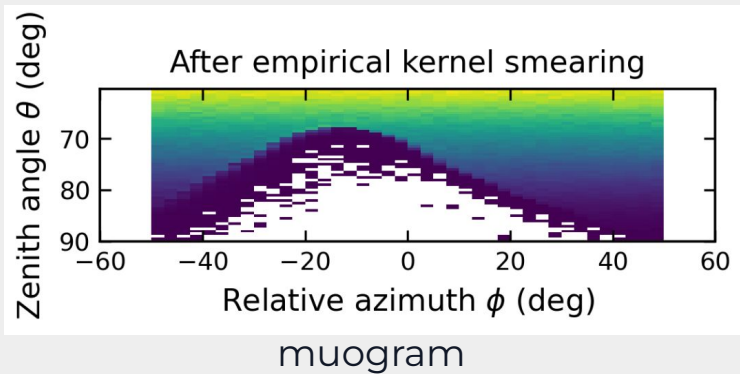
Backpropagation



Angular Scattering



Poster: Muon spectrum generation with generative AI



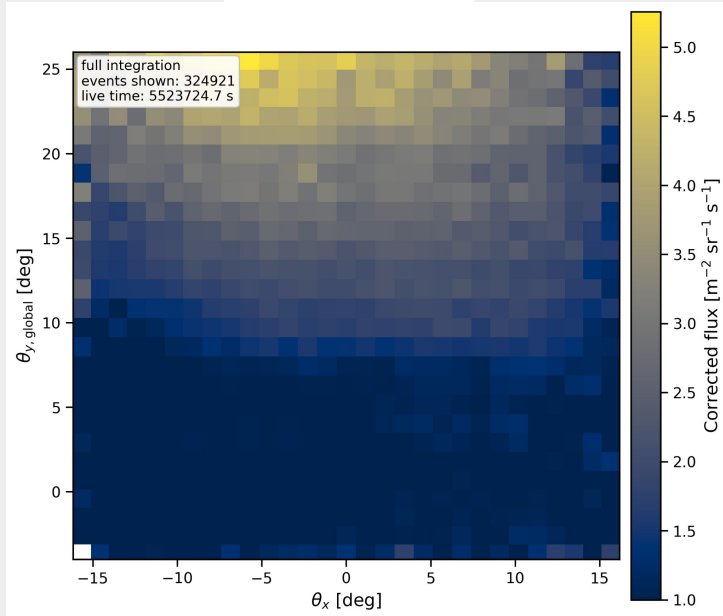
Tuesday, 14:15  
Rafael Martinez talk

# 05

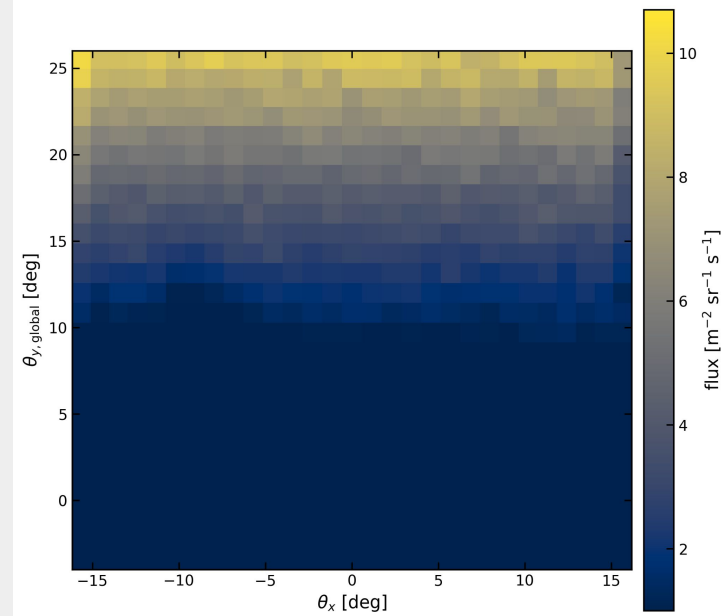
**Simulated and  
experimental  
muogram**

# Simulated and experimental muogram

Comparison between simulated and observational muogram. The agreement between both distributions validates the detector response model and confirms the reliability of the reconstruction chain under real field conditions.



Measurements



Simulation

# 06

## Final remarks

- MuTe 2.1 shows reliable performance under controlled conditions, with good agreement between data and simulations across all calibration stages.
- The CABRIALES simulation and analysis chain has been validated end-to-end, providing a fast density imaging.
- We expect to deploy MuTe 2.1 at Cerro Machín volcano in Tolima, Colombia later this year.



# ¡Gracias!

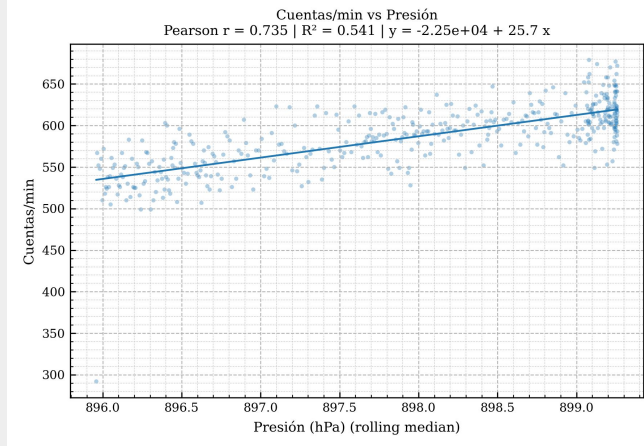
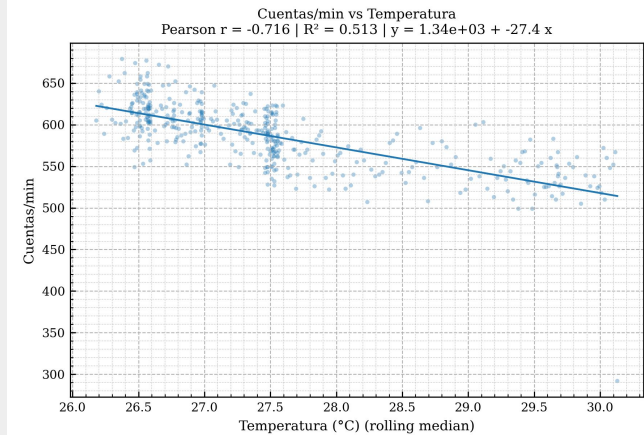
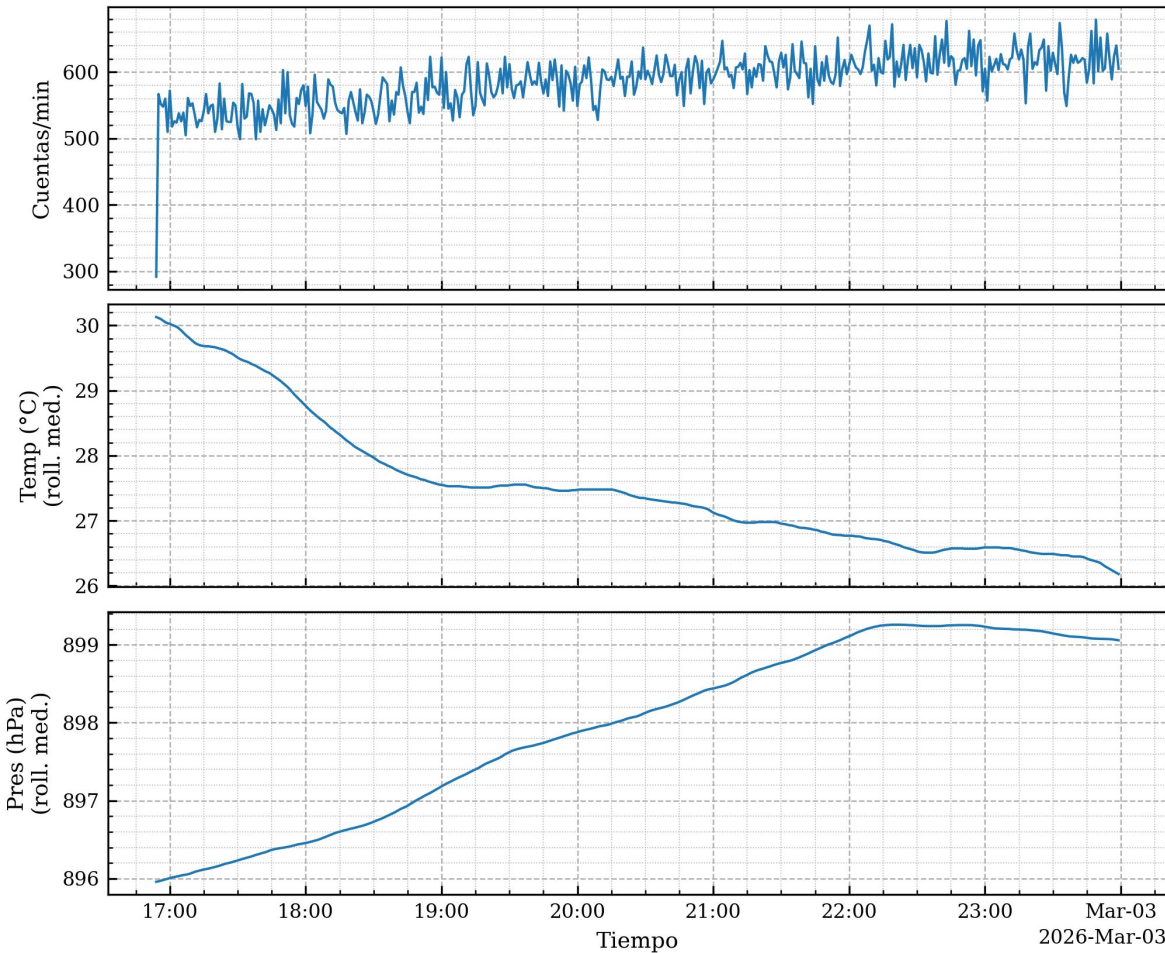
Christian Sarmiento-Cano  
[csarmiento32@unab.edu.co](mailto:csarmiento32@unab.edu.co)

# Acknowledgements

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Proyecto " Integración de muongrafía con métodos geofísicos estándar para la construcción de un modelo 3D de densidad: aplicación al Volcán Cerro Machín" , financiado con recursos de Minciencias por medio de la convocatoria 890 de 2020 y administrados por el ICETEX mediante contrato No. 2022-0718.

Ventana común: 2026-03-02 16:54:00 → 2026-03-02 23:59:00 | dt=1min | rolling=10min  
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