ArgusBoard

for Pattern Clustering and Classification

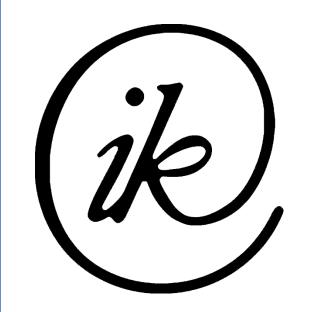
Al tools for the minimization of expert interaction

Demonstration:

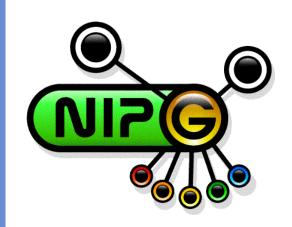
"Which one is the child?"

Presenter: Kinga Bettina Faragó

Authors: K.B. Faragó, Á. Fóthi, E. Téglás, and A. Lőrincz



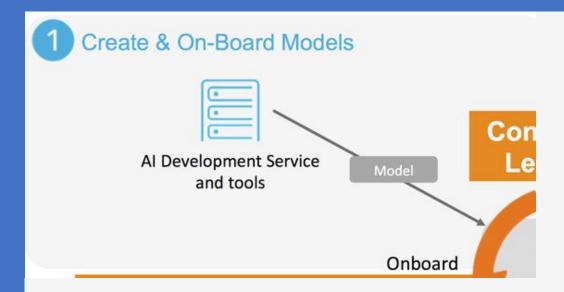








ACUMOS



Future where AI is at the Center of Software.

ework for data scientists to build that future.

EXPLANATIONS



Open Network Automation Platform (ONAP) is a comprehensive platform for

real-time, policy-driven orchestration and automation of physical and virtual network functions that will enable software, network, IT and cloud providers and developers to rapidly automate new services and support complete lifecycle management.

ONAP accelerates the development of a vibrant ecosystem around a globally shared architecture and implementation for network automation

Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

is a network architecture approach that enables the network to be intelligently and centrally controlled, or 'programmed,' using software applications. This helps operators manage the entire network consistently and holistically, regardless of the underlying network technology.

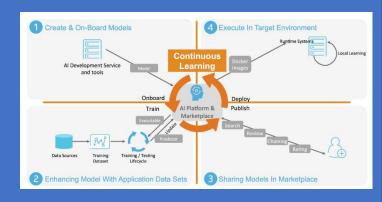
Marketplace

Acumos is the go-to site for data-powered decision making. With an intuitive easy-to-use Marketplace and Design Studio, Acumos brings Al into the mainstream.

Design Studio

Acumos converts models to microservices. You can apply them to different problems and data sources.

ACUMOS in keywords



- Abstract AI models
 - Models can be easily onboarded and wrapped
- Toolkit-independent 'App Store', called Marketplace
 - data-powered decision making and artificial intelligence software models
- Design Studio can be used to chain together multiple models
- Data Broker provides capabilities for acquiring data from external sources

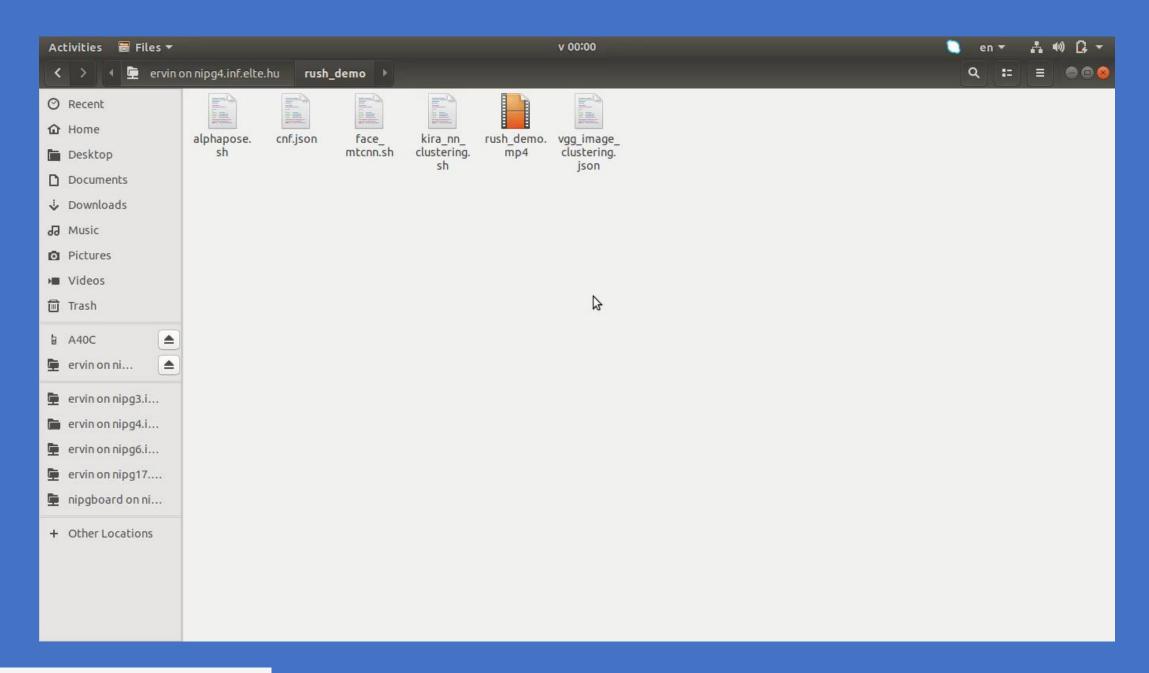
Acumos platform is available under an OSI-approved open source license

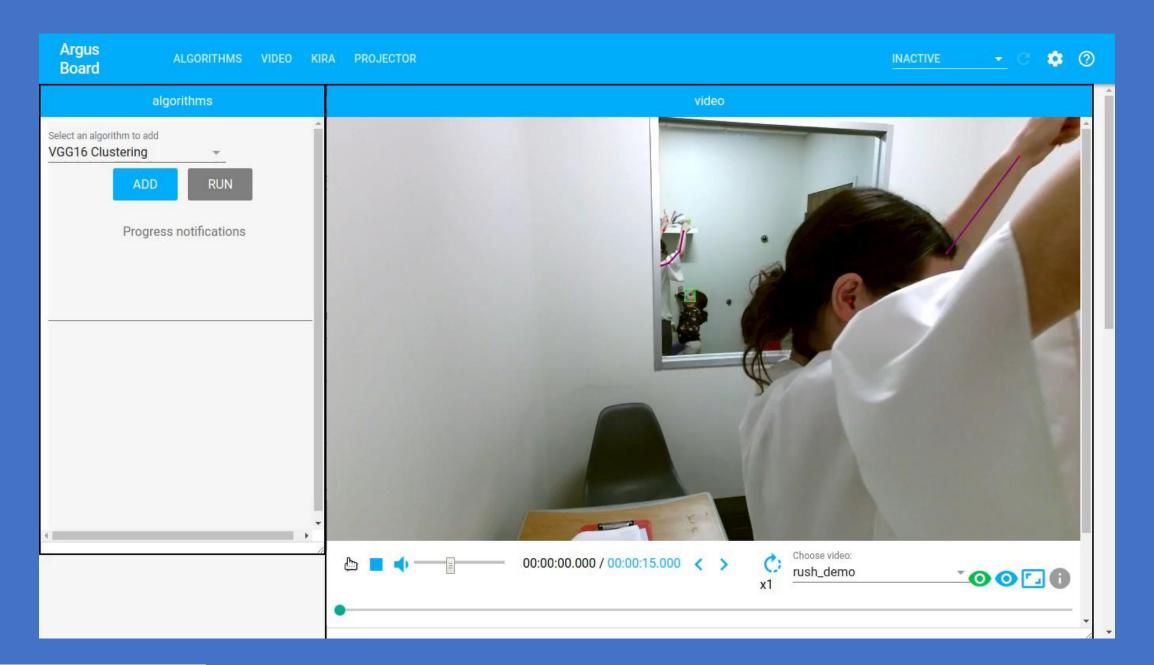
BUT: Options for flexible *expert* interaction are missing from Acumos.

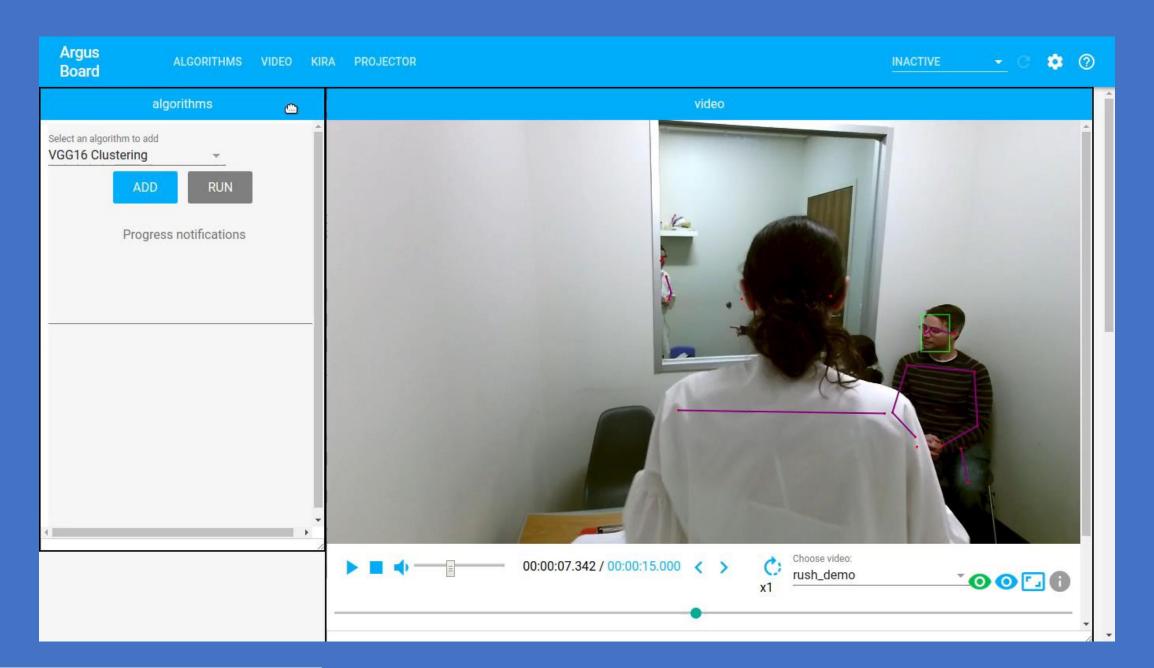
Procedure for developing a "new detector"

Interaction

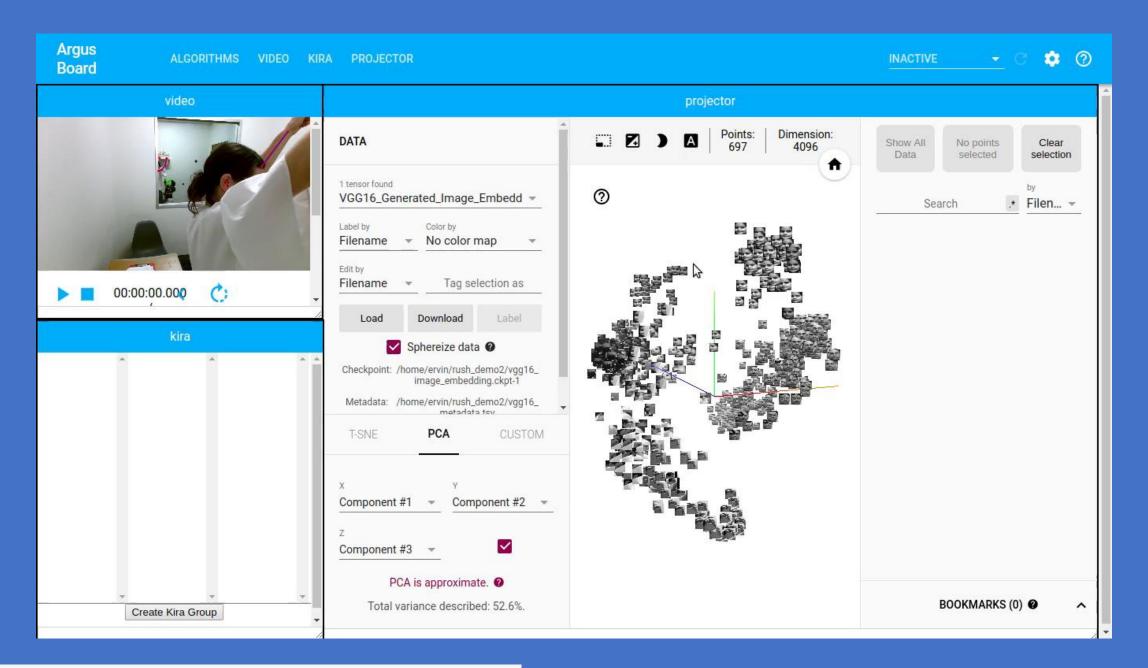
- Step 1: Collect videos in a folder (not shown)
- Step 2: Launch the software here: face detector & pose detector
- Step 3: Examine low dimensional embedding
- Step 4: Select region(s)
- **Step 5: I**nclude and deselect
- Step 6: Sort and check (use video if needed)
- Step 7: Check classification, fix errors if needed



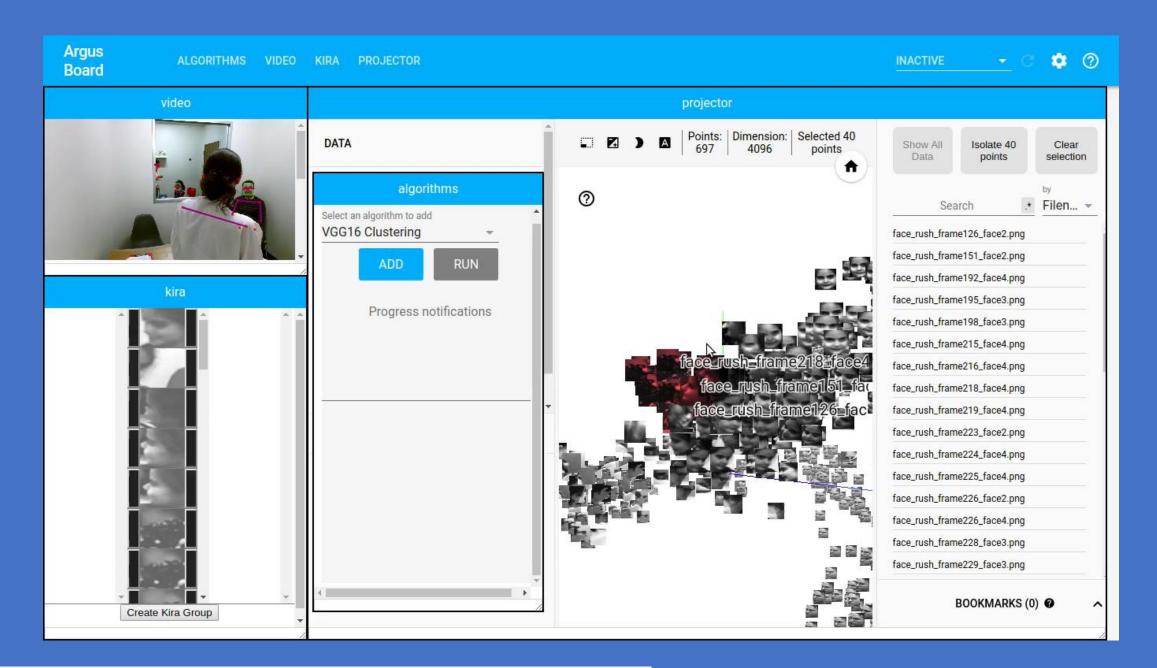




Step 3: Choosing clustering algorithm

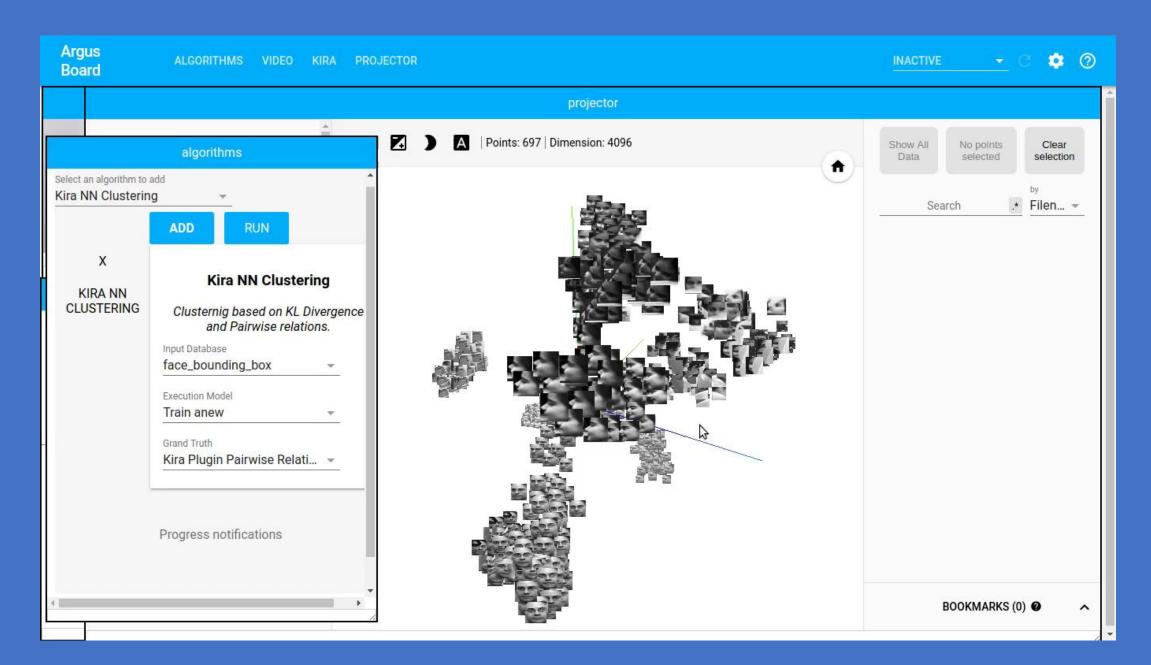


Step 4: Check low dimensional embedding & select region



Step 5: Select positive and negative samples & select second algorithm

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Minimization of human interaction

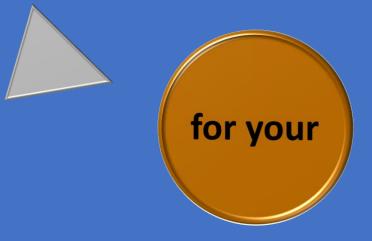
Methods:

- 1) Selection of Region of Interest here: bounding box (ready)
- Deep multiple instance learning (to be included)
- 3) Instance clustering (to be included)
- 4) More automation here: preclustering via age estimation (to be included)
- 5) More automation here: classification according to similarities and age (to be included)
- 6) Low dimensional embedding for visualization (ready)
- 7) Human expert quality assurance (ready)

Ongoing studies

- Medical images/videos and brain signals MRI/CT/EEG
- Situations episodes monitoring





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