



Building Bridges 2018

AE-Barcelona Knowledge Hub

28-29 NOVEMBER 2018

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- Graduate in Physics, University of Zaragoza (Spain). **J.M. Saviron** (1979)
- Phd at Max-Planck Institut für Festkörperforschung, Stuttgart (Germany). **M. Cardona** (1980-)
 - Postdoc at IBM, T.J. Watson Research Center, New York (U.S.A.). **Leo Esaki** (1985-)
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- Department of Material Sciences. Universidad Autónoma of Madrid. **J.M. Calleja** (1995-)
Full Professor and Head of Department



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Bose-Einstein condensates in semiconductor microcavities

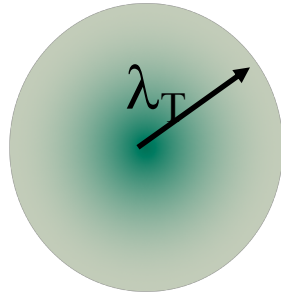
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Atomic BECs

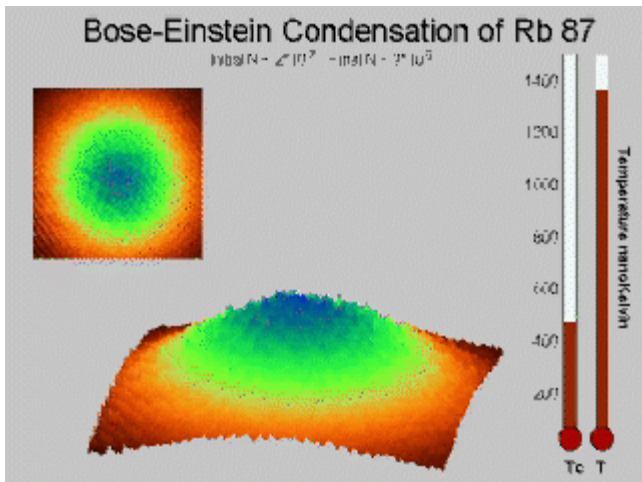
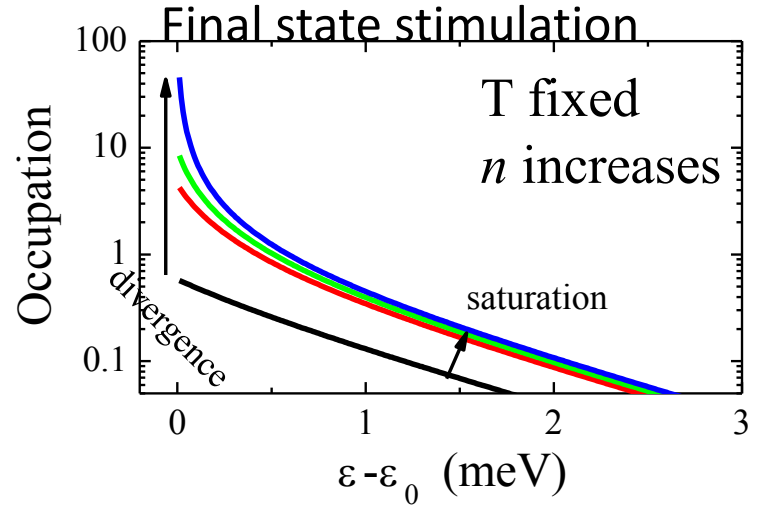
$$f_{BE} = \frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\varepsilon - \mu}{k_B T}\right) - 1}$$



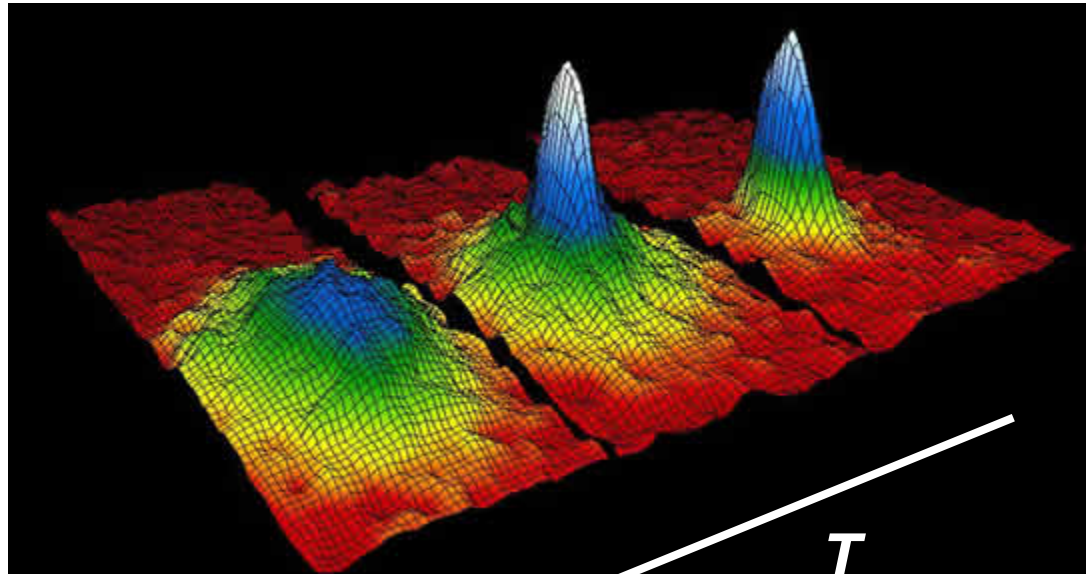
$$\lambda_T = \left(\frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{mk_B T}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

For $T < T_{deg}$
the particles-waves overlap

Long-range order

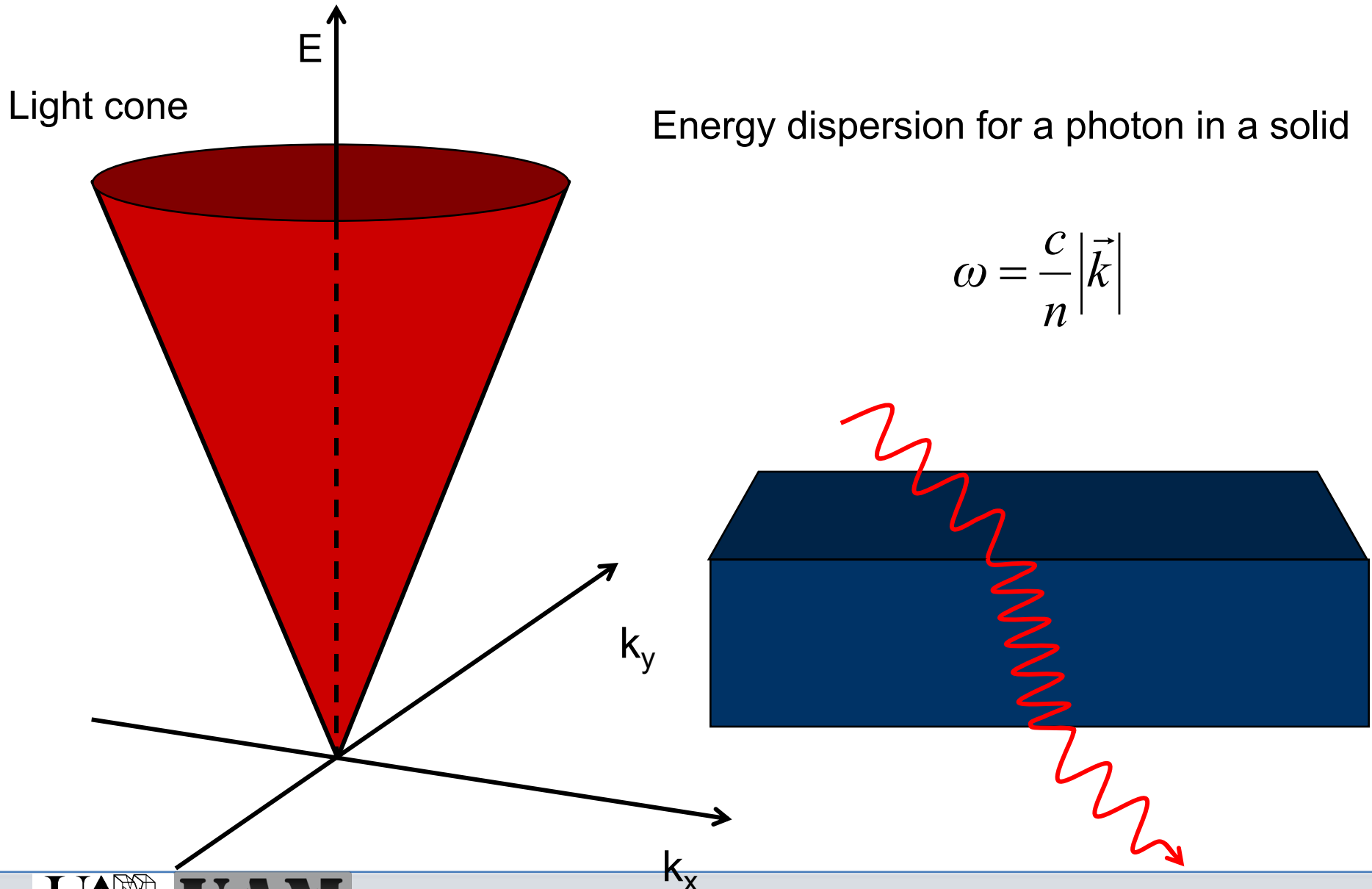


Cornell group (1995)

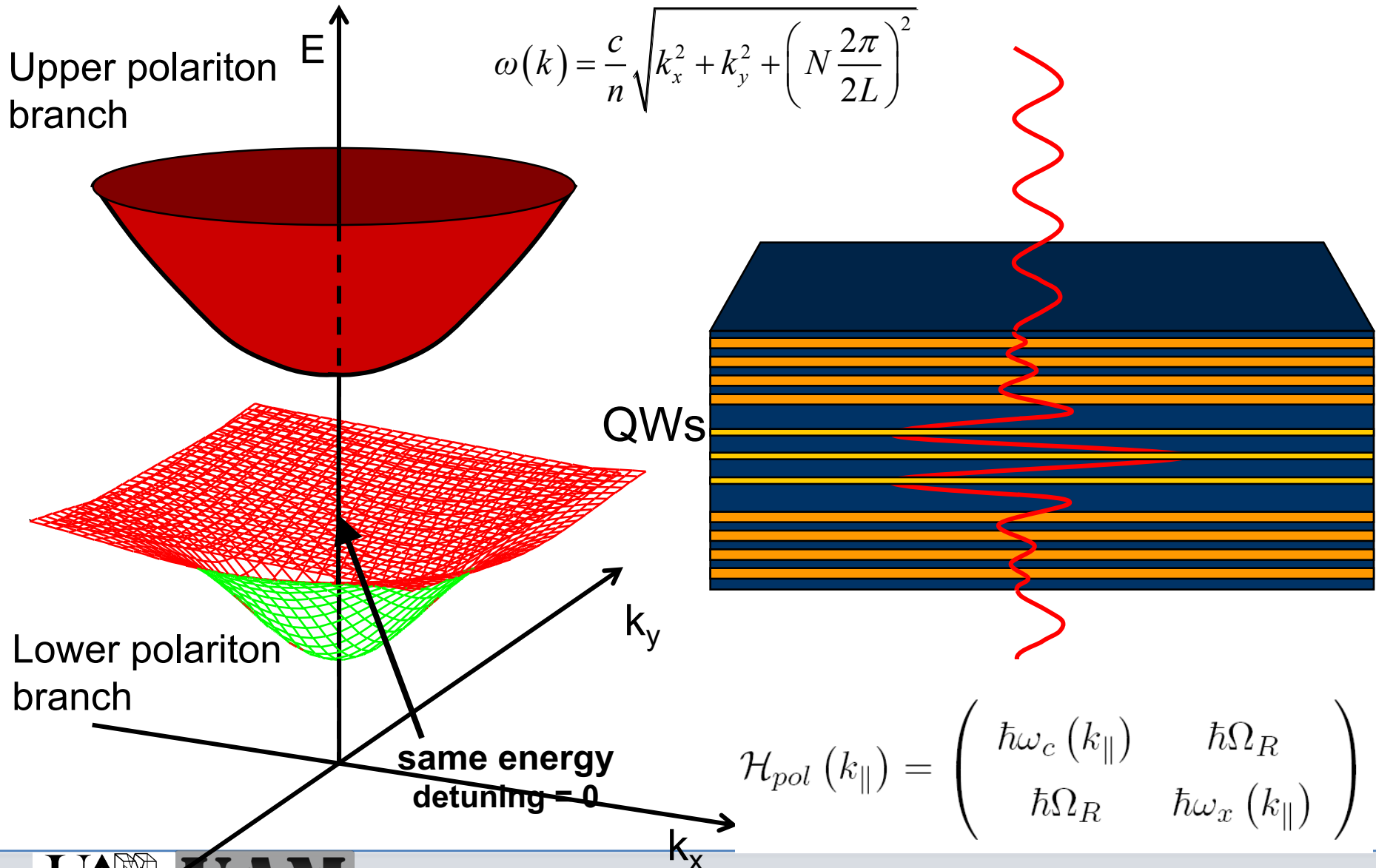


<http://jilawwww.colorado.edu/bec/>

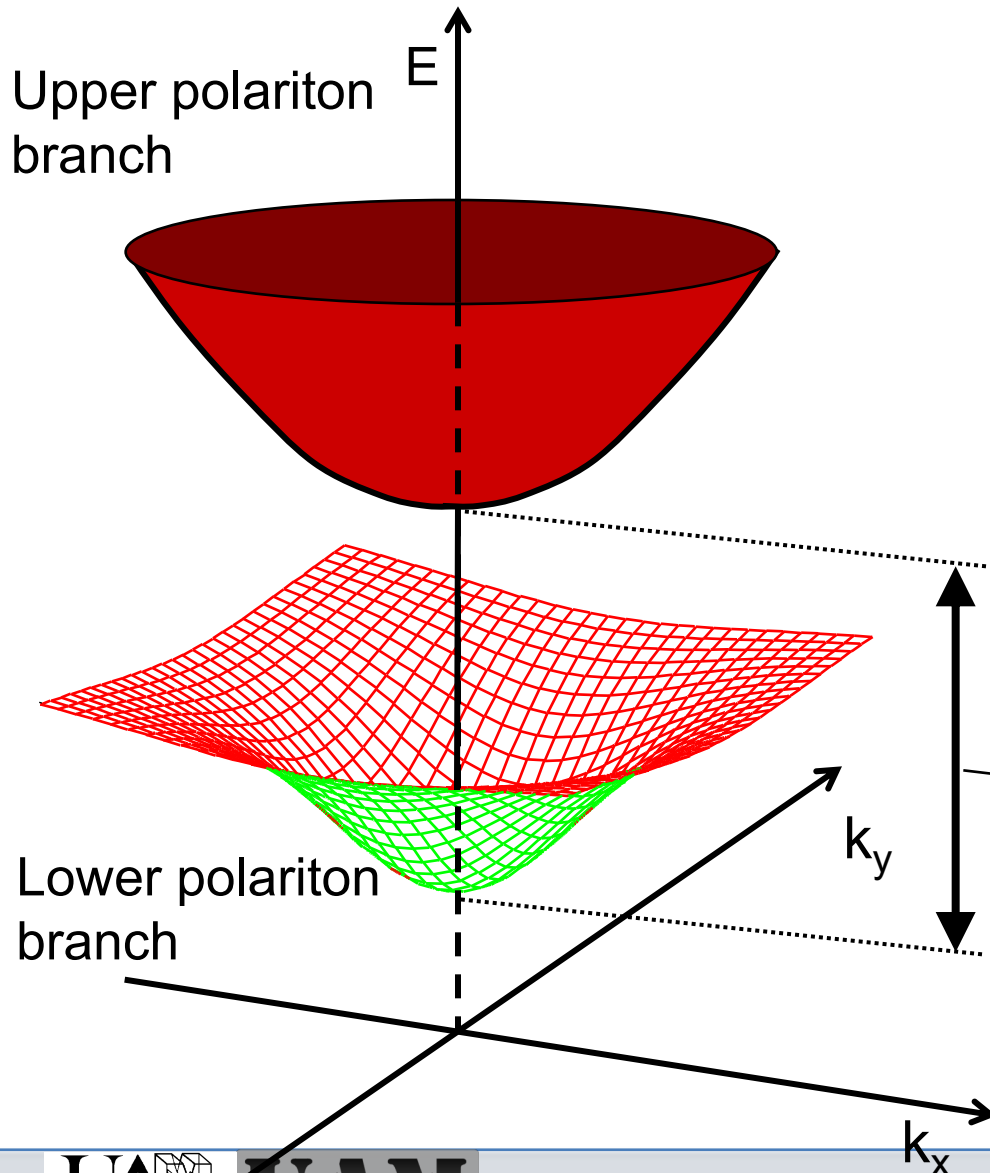
Semiconductor microcavities



Semiconductor microcavities



Semiconductor microcavities



Strong exciton confinement
Enhanced electromagnetic field



Strong light-matter coupling

New eigenstates
POLARITONS

$$\hat{Q}_{UPB} = c \cdot \hat{P} + d \cdot \hat{X}$$

$$\hat{Q}_{LPB} = -d \cdot \hat{P} + c \cdot \hat{X}$$

Rabi splitting

$$\Omega_R^2 = \frac{(1 + \sqrt{R})^2}{2\sqrt{R}} \frac{c\Gamma_0}{n_{cav}L_{eff}}$$

Low polariton mass
“S” shaped dispersion
Momentum trap

polaritons

New eigenstates
POLARITONS

$$\hat{Q}_{UPB} = c \cdot \hat{P} + d \cdot \hat{X}$$

$$\hat{Q}_{LPB} = -d \cdot \hat{P} + c \cdot \hat{X}$$

**composite
BOSONS**

photonic content \longleftrightarrow very low mass

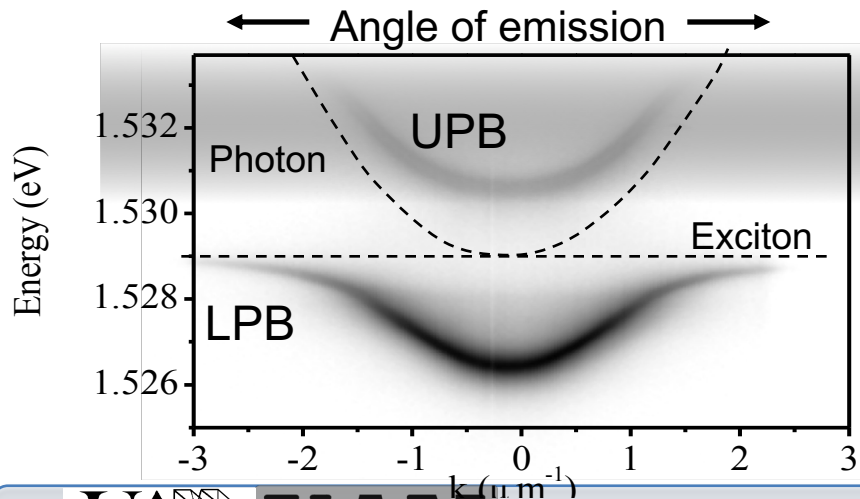
High condensation temperature
10 K - 300 K

$$\lambda_T = \left(\frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{mk_B T} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

species	atomic gases	polaritons
mass m^*/m_0	10^4	10^{-5}
Bohr radius	10^{-1} \AA	10^2 \AA
λ_T at T_c	10^3 \AA	10^4 \AA
T_c	$< 1 \mu\text{K}$	10 – 300K

Polariton lifetime: 2-8 ps (at $k = 0$)

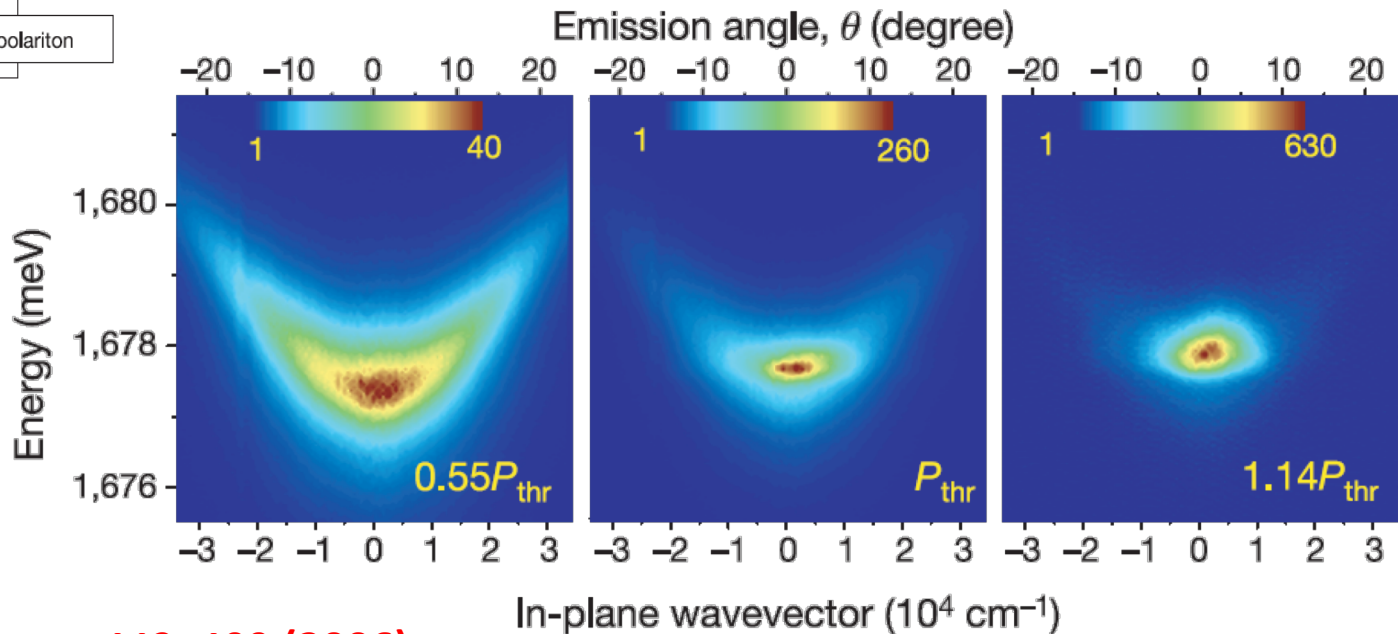
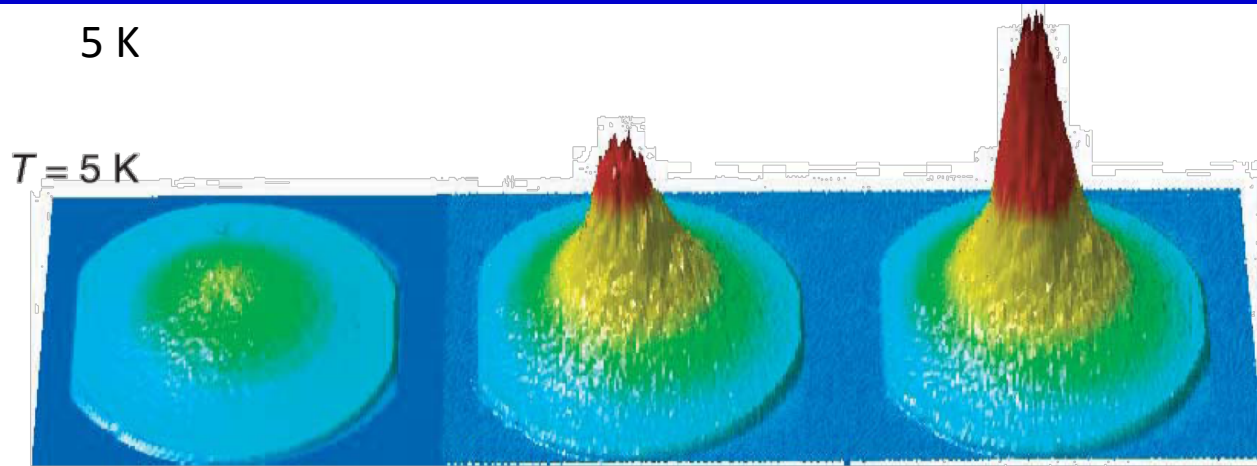
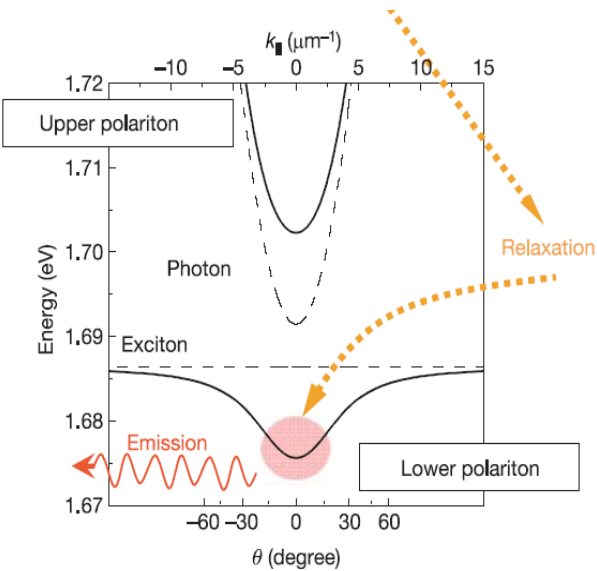
PL experiment



BEC of polaritons

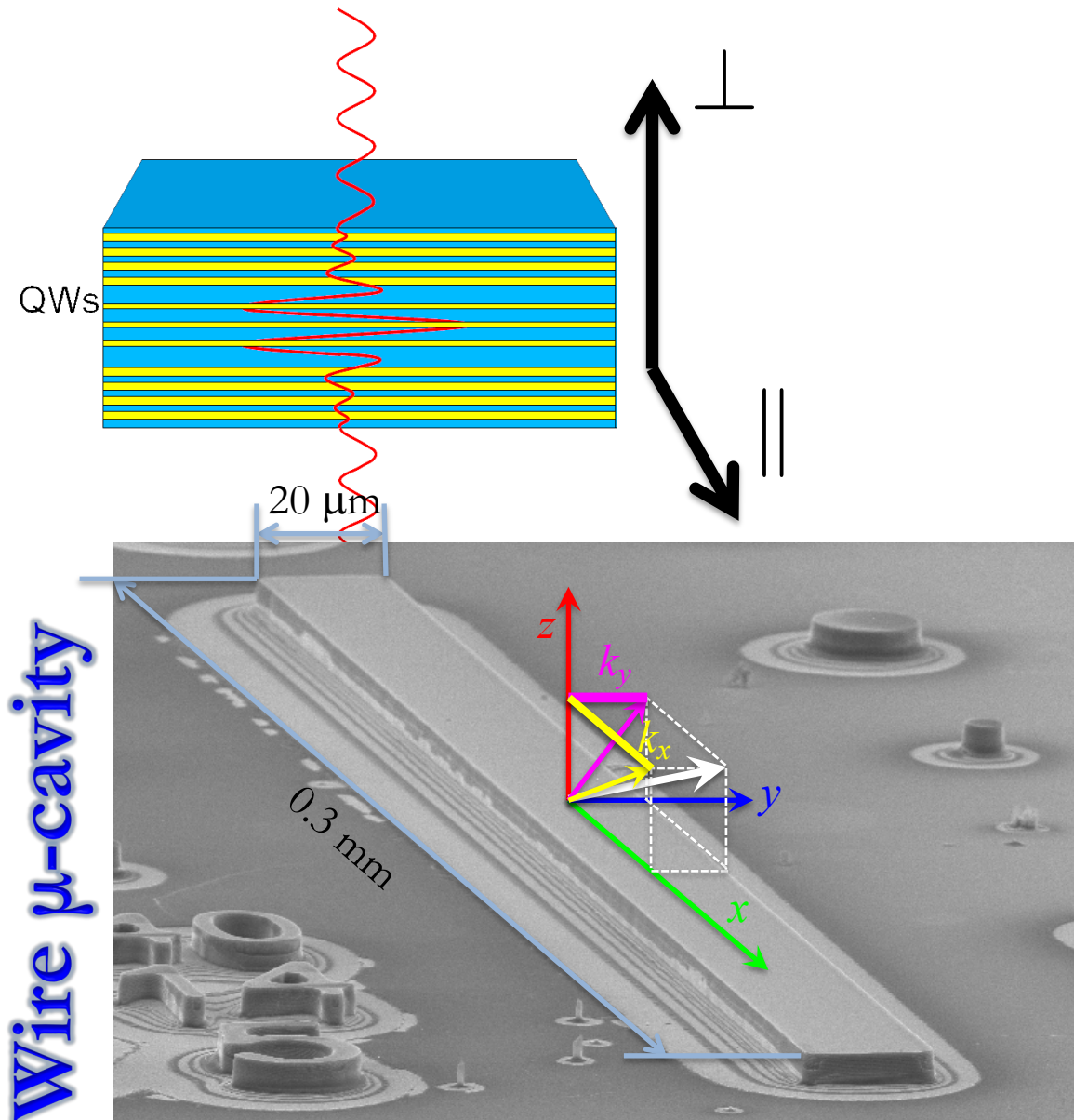
Excitation CW laser 1.755 eV

5 K



Kasprzak et al. Nature 443, 409 (2006)

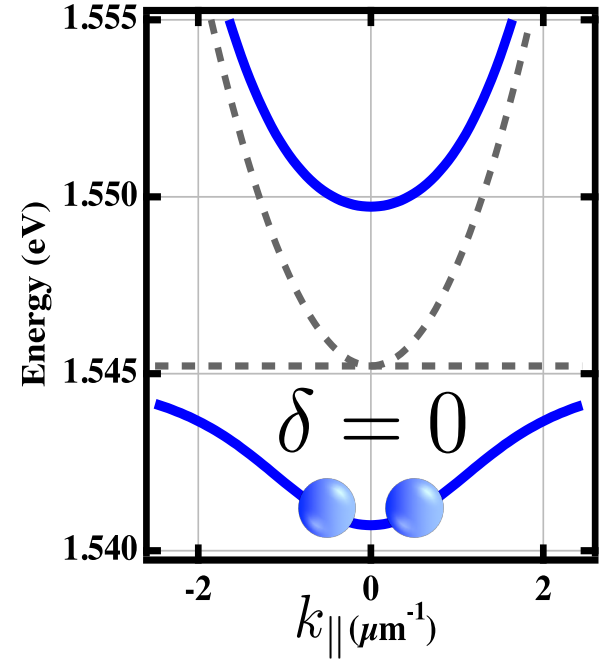
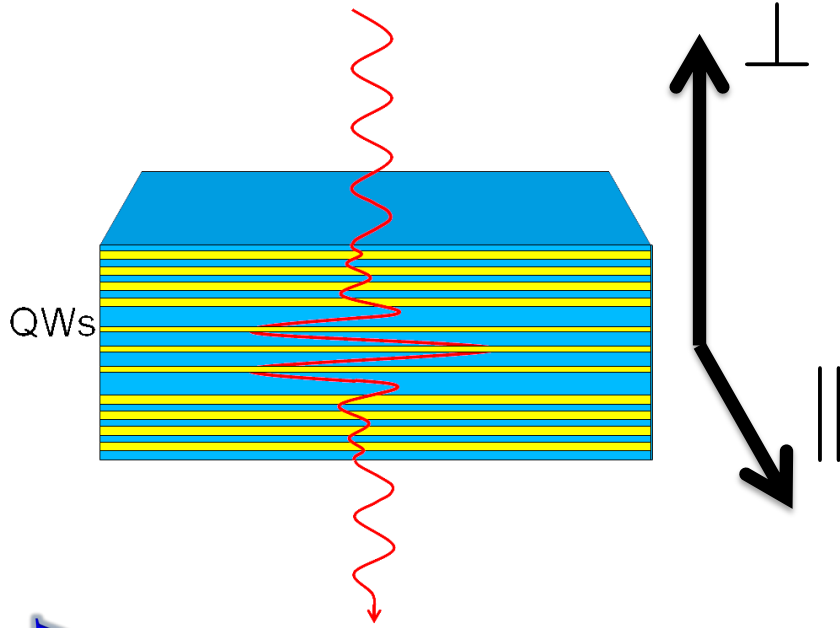
Wire microcavities



Wire μ -cavity

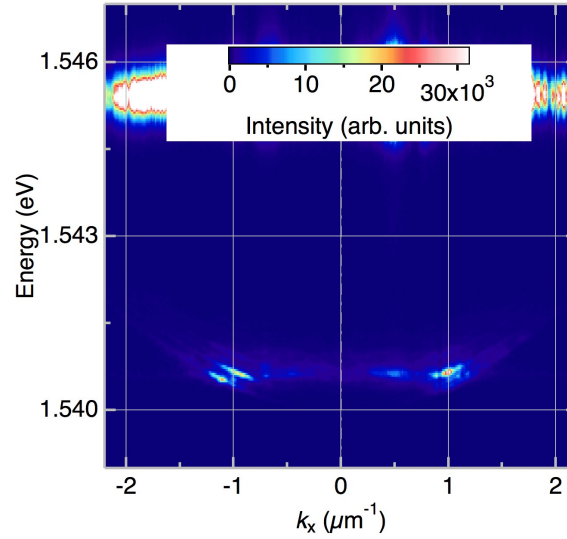
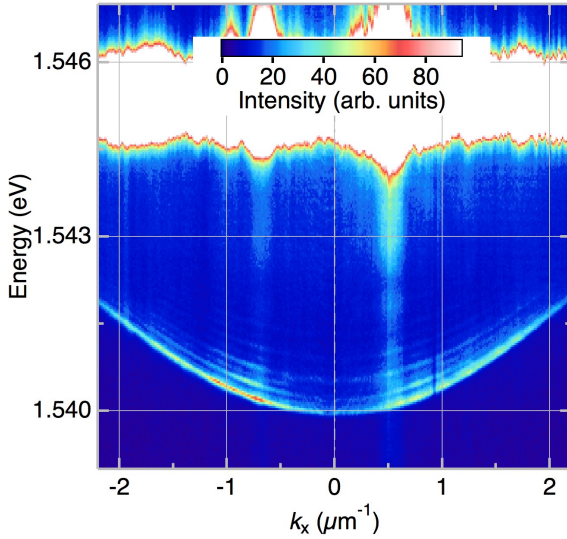
High-quality
AlGaAs-based
microcavity

Wire microcavities



Strong coupling

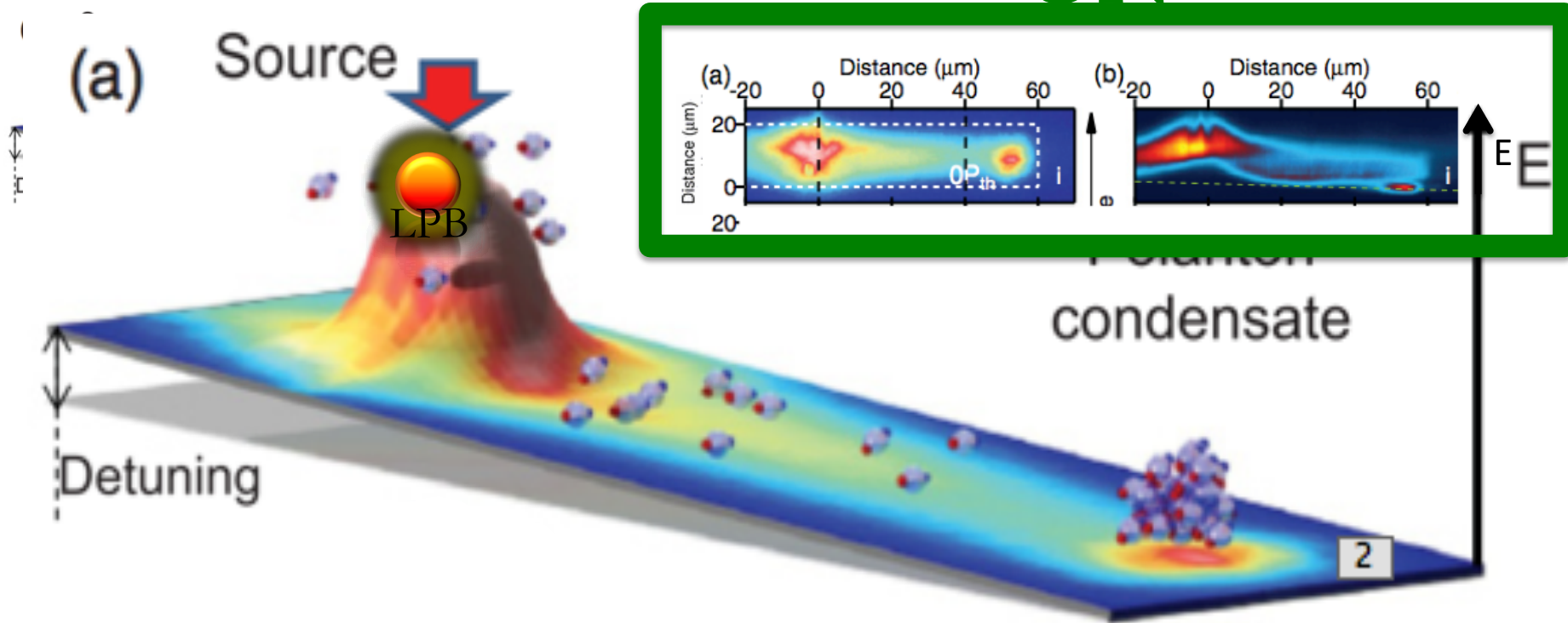
Wire μ -cavity



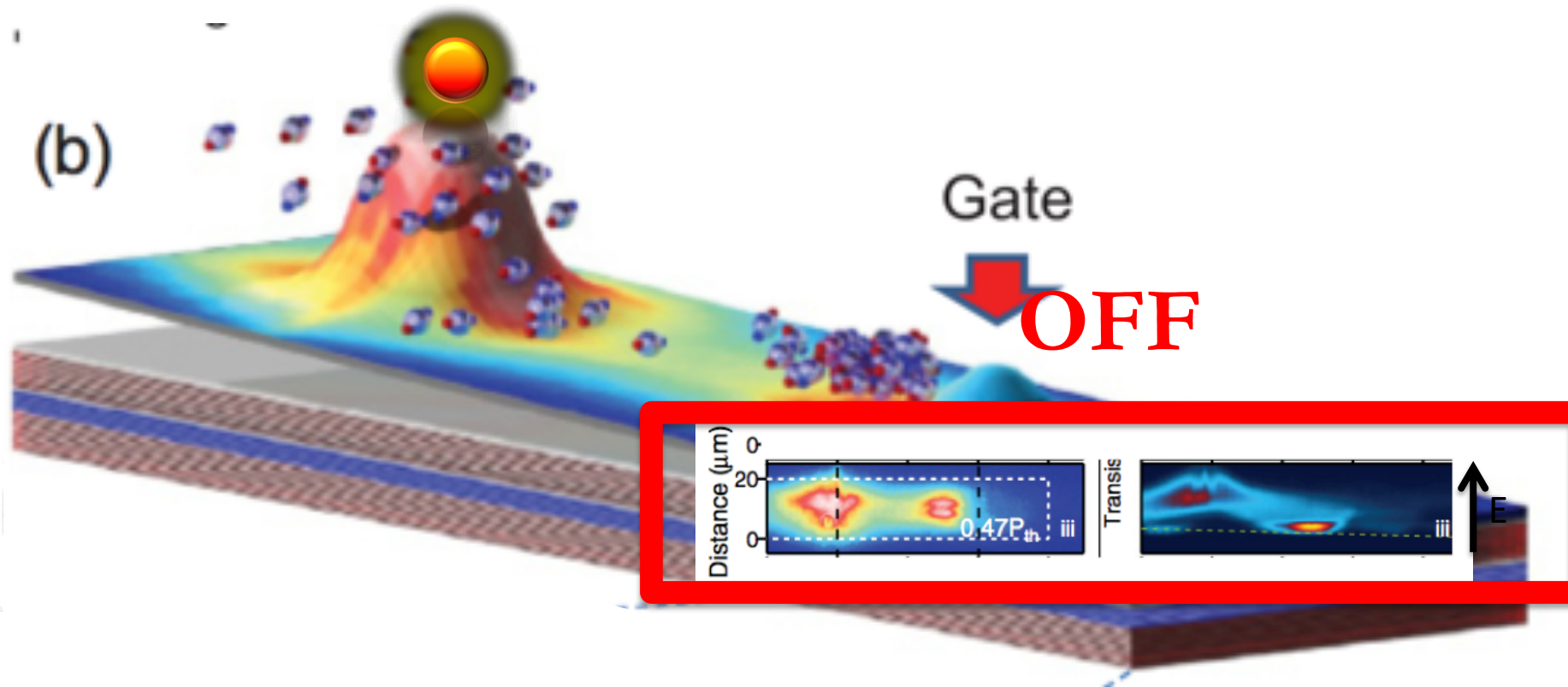
Moving condensates

Polariton condensates transistor switch

ON

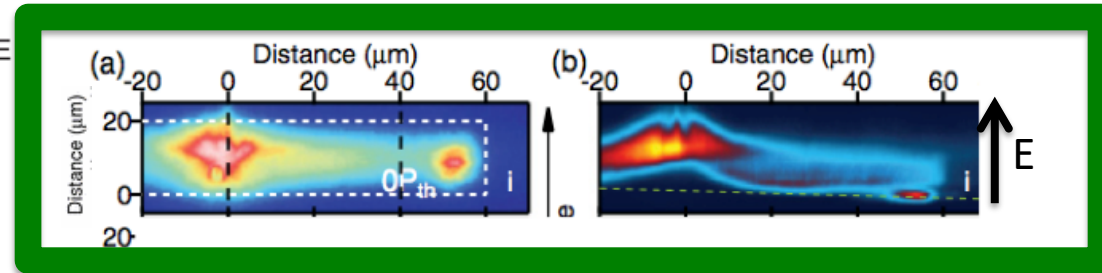
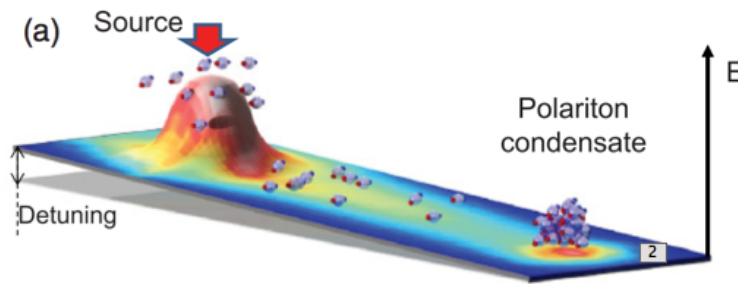


Polariton condensates transistor switch

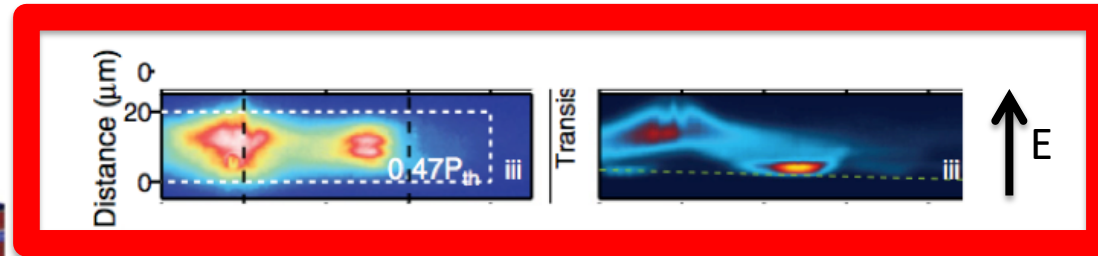
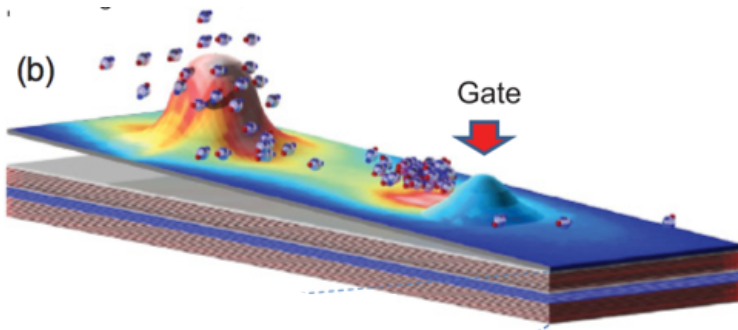


Polariton condensates transistor switch

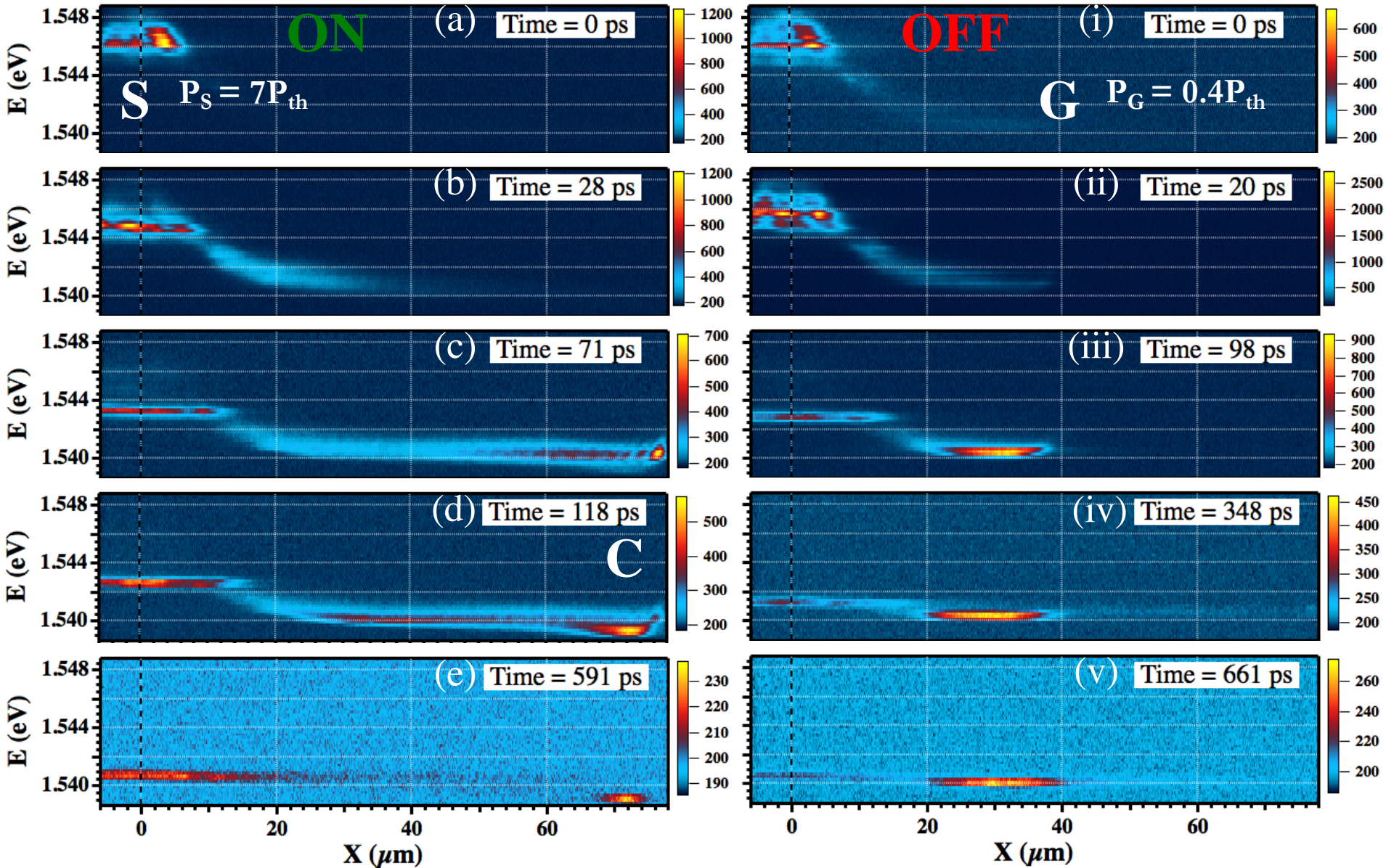
ON



OFF

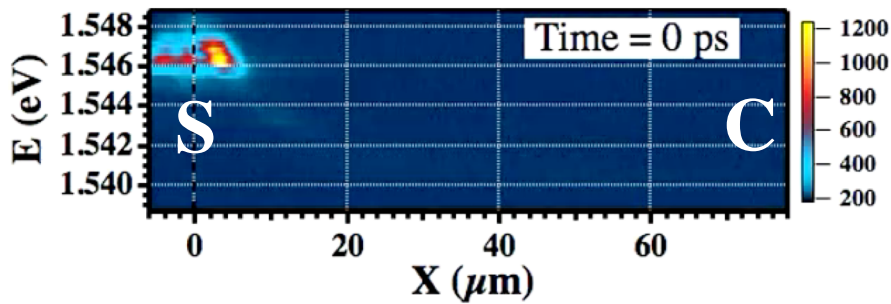


Experiments (snapshots)

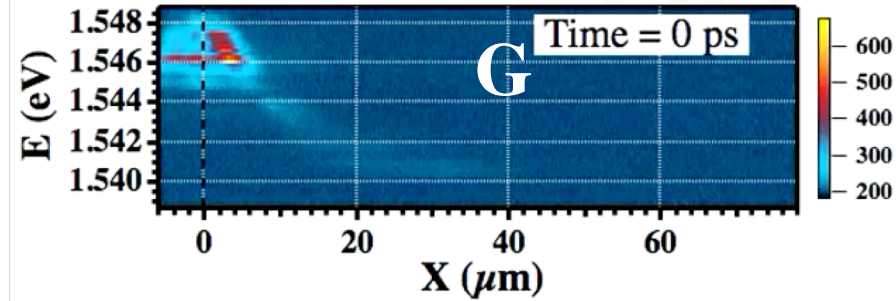


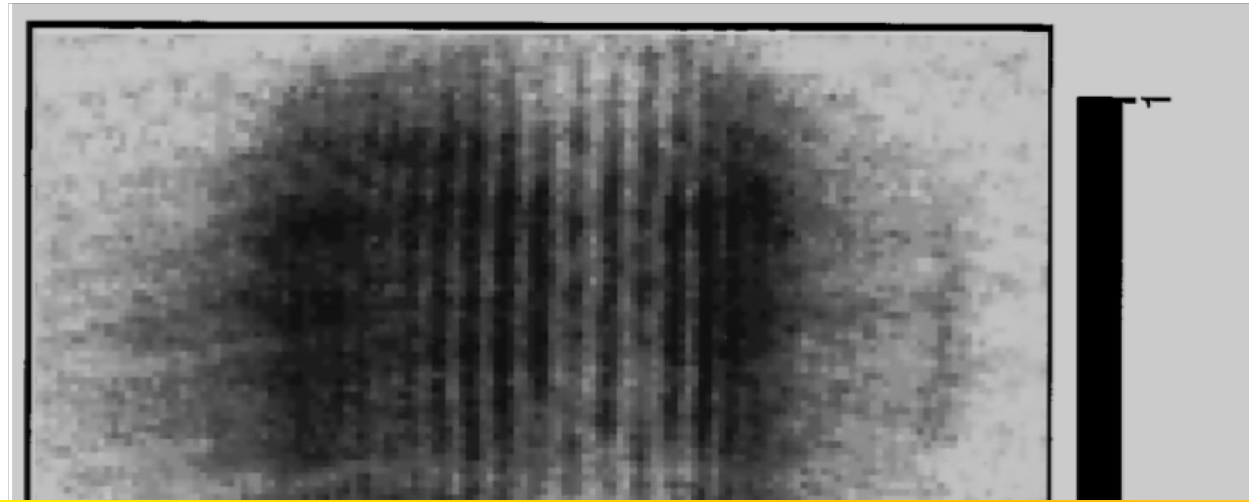
Experiments (movies)

ON

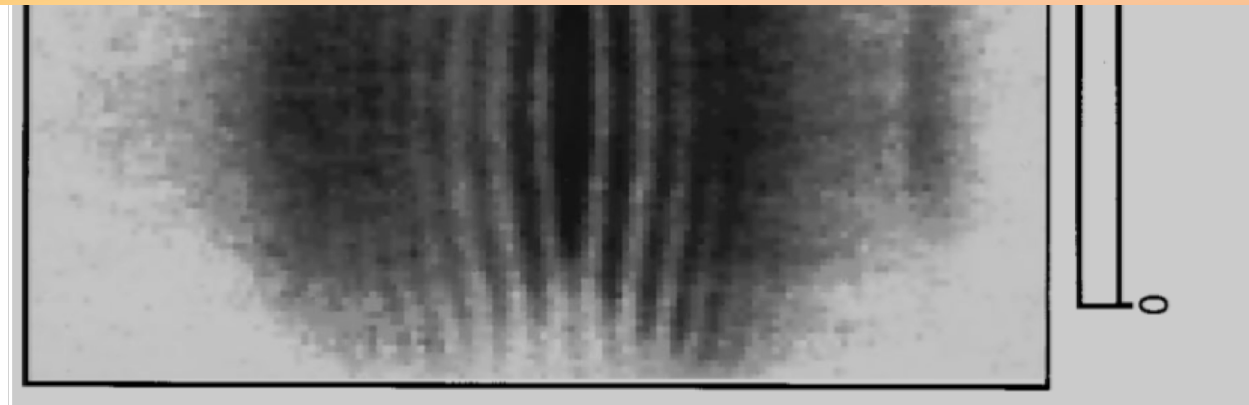


OFF

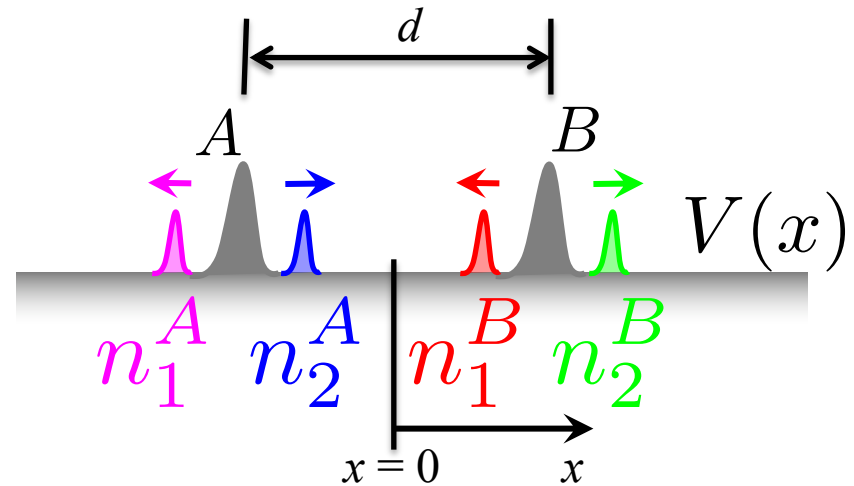
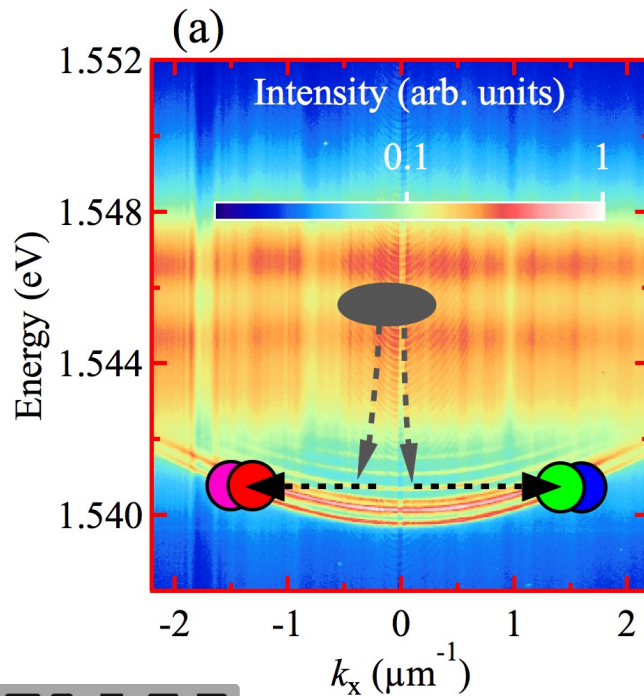
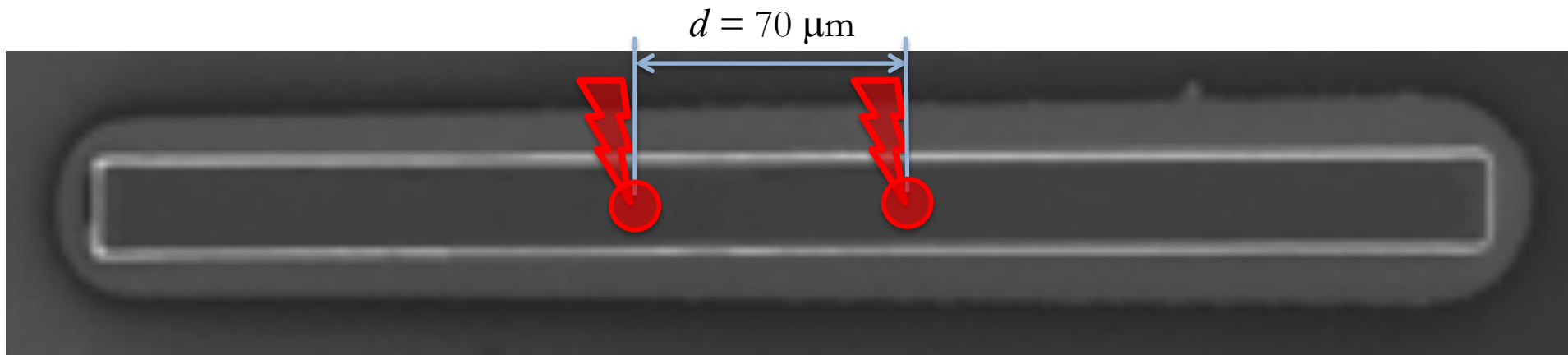




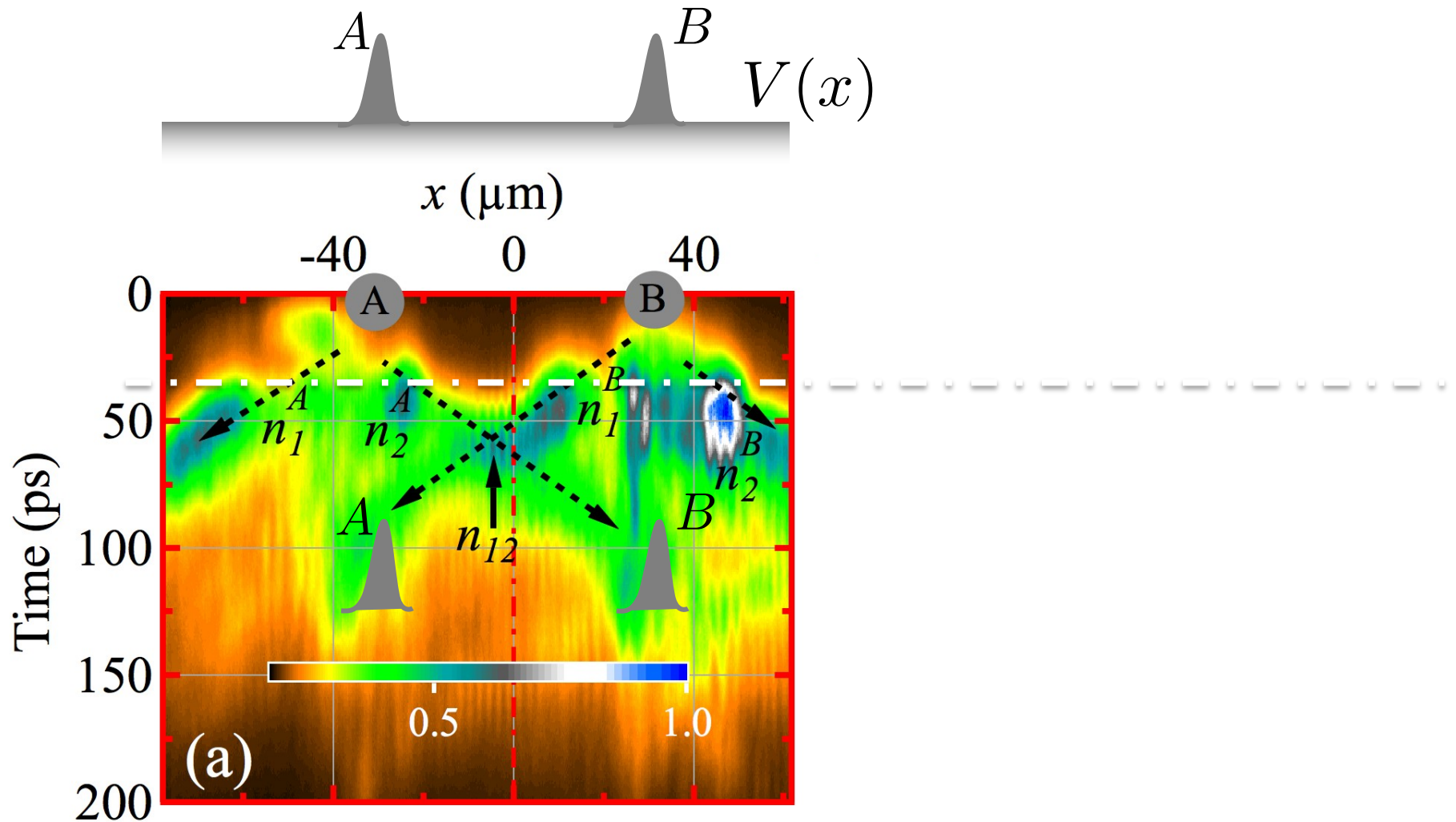
**Momentum Space Interferences
as an Evidence of
Remote Quantum Coherence of Condensates**



Full observation of the phase-locking in momentum space between polariton condensates

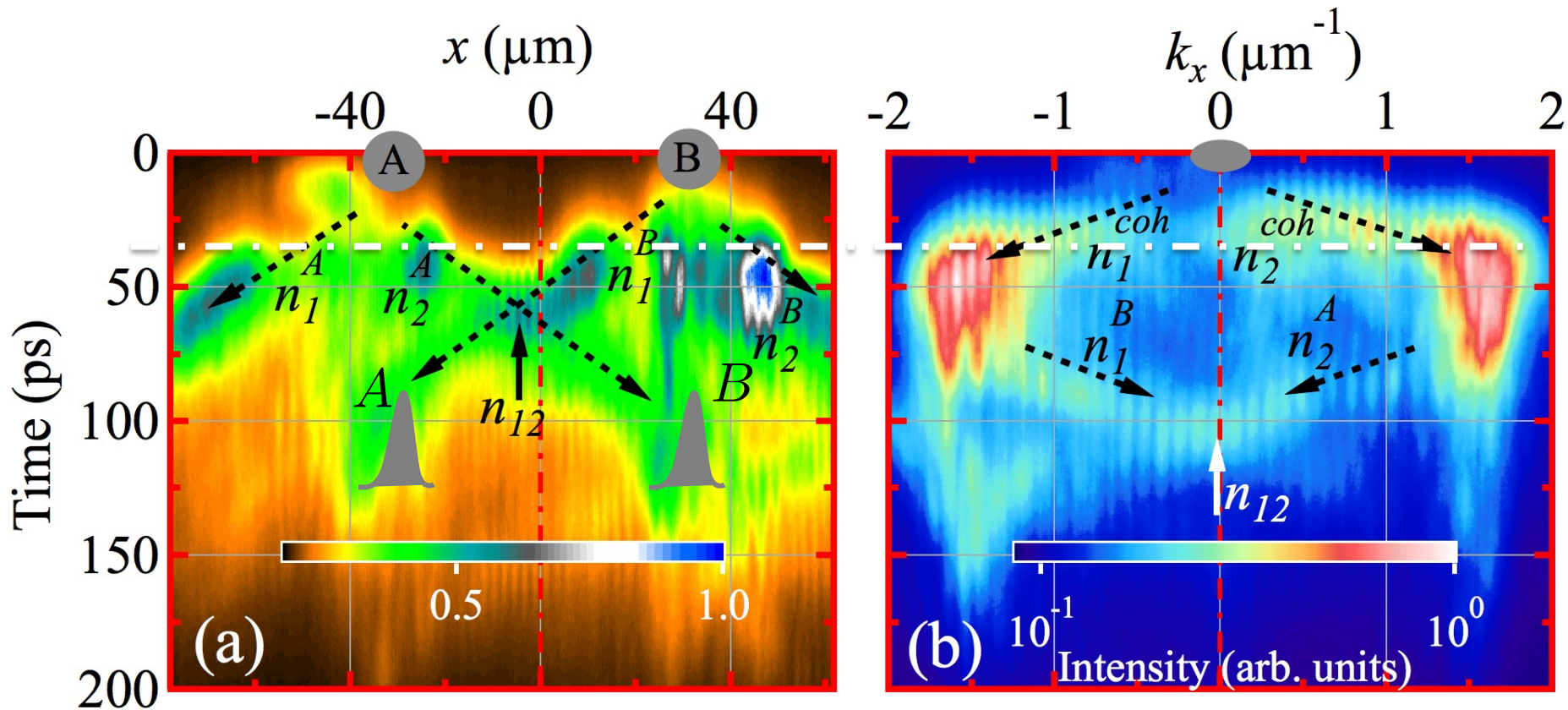


Full observation of the phase-locking in momentum space between polariton condensates



Full observation of the phase-locking in momentum space between polariton condensates

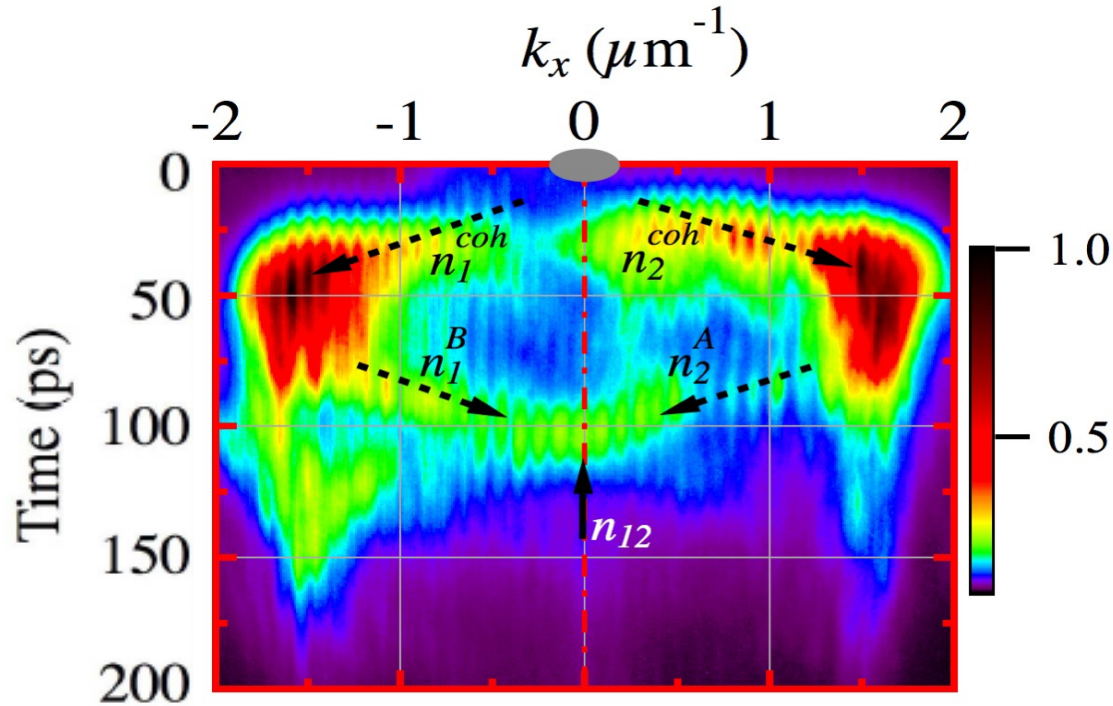
(I) Initial acceleration, $t = 35$ ps



(v) Conclusions

- Semiconductor microcavities: ideal scenario to observe **Bose-Einstein condensation**.
- Generation of **ultrafast-propagating condensed polariton wave trains** in quasi-1D microcavities.
- Fabrication of **all-optical devices** based on polariton condensates.
- Affirmative answer to the Anderson's question: Dynamical observation (picosecond scale) of the **mutual coherence in momentum space** of polariton wave trains **that have never been in contact**.

Thank you very much...



...Funding

- ✓ Spanish MEC MAT2014-53119-C2-1-R
- ✓ Spanish MINECO MAT2017-83722-R